#### U.N. seeks halt to Lebanon hostilities

UNITED NATIONS (R) - U.N. Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar called Monday for a general halt to hostilities in Lebanon lest the situation there lead to a major conflict. In a statement he said: "I now earnestly appeal to all the parties involved to refrain forthwith from the use of force." He stressed the world "all." Meanwhile, in a letter to the president of the U.N. Security Council, Syrian Foreign Minister Abdul Halim Khaddam referred to military actions by the United States and Israel which he termed a threat to international peace. "I request you to take the appropriate measures to halt the hostile policies pursued by the United States of America in Lebanon and the Middle East," he said.

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#### King sends good wishes to Finland

AMMAN (J.T.) — His Majesty King Hussein Monday sent a cable of good wishes to the Finnish President Mauno Koivisto on the occ-asion of his country's independence day. In his cable the King wished the Finnish leader and his people further progress and prosperity.

#### Khaled Al Hassan arrives in S.Arabia

BAHRAIN (R) - A senior Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) envoy arrived in Saudi Arabia Sunday night to discuss the evacuation of PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat and his men from north Lebanon, the Saudi Press Agency reported. It said Khaled Al Hassan, a member of the PLO's Executive Committee told Saudi Television his visit was aimed at "securing the safe evacuation of Arafat and his men from Tripoli," the north Lebanon. port where they have been under siege by Syrian-backed rebels.

#### Saudi team begins German arms talks

BONN (R) — A Saudi Arabian military delegation Monday began a series of visits to West German arms factories and talks with Bonn officials over possible weapons purchases. The visit, arranged during Chancellor Helmut Khol's Middle East tour this summer, was likely to stir debate in West Germany over whether Saudi Arabia is as an "area of tension". Weapons sales to such areas are forbidden under government gui-

#### Gemayel returns to Beirut

BEIRUT (R) - Lebanese President Amin Gemayel returned here Monday after talks in Washington with President Ronald Reagan, Beirut Radio reported. During his three-day official visit. President Gemayel discussed the withdrawal of foreign forces from Lebanon and extension of the state's authority to all parts of the country. The broadcast gave no details of President Gemayer's return to Beirut, where the airport has been closed for almost a week.

#### Luce in Kuwait

KUWAIT (R) - British Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Richard Luce arrived in Kuwait Monday for talks on the Gulf war. bilateral relations and the Middle East situation, Kuwaiti officials said. He did not believe violence in Lebanon would solve problems where there was a need to concentrate on reconciliation.

#### Walesa, urges West to lift sanctions

GDANSK (R) - Solidarity leader Lech Walesa appealed to the West Monday to lift economic sanctions imposed on Poland in retaliation for the Communist authorities' 1981 crackdown on the free trade union. He told a press conference in this Baltic port that the sanctions had been a propaganda success but that continuing them could cause the country serious economic damage.

- ustries open in Amman.
- other's throat, page 4
- Zionist activities become
- U.S., page 5 Lendi beats Cash in Aus-
- tralia, **page 6** Britain, France clash at
- E.C. summit, page 7

# NCC denounces U.S.-Israel pact, Lebanon attacks

By Lamis K. Andoni and Salameh B. Ne'matt Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — The National Consultative Council (NCC) Monday condemned the recently announced political-military alliance between the United States and Israel and denounced Sunday's U.S. air raids against Syrian positions in Lebanon.

Weinberger says Marines

positions.

ncil at its regular session Monday said U.S.-Israeli relations have ched agreement on a politicalreached a "dangerous and decisive stage," by implementing the alliance agreement between the two countries which will lead to a dangerous Arab and international political situation which is more fatal than the one international community faced during World War II."

The statement accused the U.S. of "ceasing to play the role" of a mediator in the Middle East and has become a part of anti-Arab aggression forces" in the region.

The NCC statement, which was based on a proposal by council member Mahmoud Al Kayed, also said the U.S.-Israeli alliance "has diminished the chances for peace in the region."

Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak month, announced after his talks differences and work towards

Secretary Caspar Weinberger said

Monday that new ways were being

sought to improve the security of

American Marines in Lebanon.

including shifting them from their

current position at Beirut airport.

iewing U.S. troops on manoeuvres

in West Germany that the United

States had substantial firepower in

ships and aircraft at sea in the

Mediterranean to protect the Mar-

ine peacekeeping contingent at

MOSCOW (R) — The Soviet

banditry and pledged continuing

Soviet Armed Forces Chief of

Staff Nikolai Ogarkov and Kre-

mlin spokesman Leonid Zamyatin

both condemned the raid at a

press conference called to set out

Moscow's response to the dep-

loyment of U.S. missiles in Eur-

He told reporters while rev-

BRUSSELS (R) — U.S. Defence the airport.

A statement issued by the cou- with President Ronald Reagan that the U.S. and Israel have rea-

> influence" in the Middle East. A senior Israeli official was quoted as saying Sunday that last week's Israeli attacks and the U.S. raids Sunday against Syrian positions in Lebanon were part of a ioint U.S.-Israeli campaign" to eliminate the Syrian presence in Lebanon.

> In discussions during Monday's NCC session before the unanimous approval of the resolution denouncing the U.S.-Israeli alliance and the attacks, several council members criticised the American policy in the Middle East.

NCC member Jawdat Al Sboul said that the U.S.-Israeli alliance "is not a new issue and unless Shamir, who visited the U.S. last Arab countries overcome their

But he added: "We are looking

for other means to do that, inc-

luding improved and different

8 Marines killed

Eight U.S. Marines were killed

Sunday night when shells and roc-

kets rained down on their hea-

dquarters at Beirut airport in an

(Continued on page 3)

"It is another of the acts of ban-

Israeli forces with the assistance of

Gen. Ogarkov said Washington

had no grounds for complaint over

the destruction of two of its planes

by anti-aircraft fire and the ret-

aliatory attack that killed eight

(Continued on page 3)

facing aggressions of various nature at a time when denunciations and condemnations would be wor-

Suleiman Irtemeh pointed out that the American air raids pose a threat to the entire Arab Nation. "We in this country," he said, "cannot remain silent while a brotherly country is being attacked."

#### King's move praised

Also during Monday's NCC session, council member Hani Abu Hijleh praised the "honourable invitation" extended by His Majesty King Hussein to Palmilitary alliance to counter what he described as growing Soviet estinian leader Yasser Arafat besieged in the north Lebanese city of Tripoli by Syrian-backed dis-

> Mr. Abu Hijleh expressed appreciation for the King's stand towards the Palestinian people and cause and welcomed Mr. Arafat to

In an interview with the New ork Times Friday, King Hussein described Mr. Arafat as the "legitimate leader of the Palestinian people and if he leaves Tripoli he is welcome to come to Amman."

Given the struggle Mr. Arafat is going through in Tripoli under the rebel siege, the King said, "I will put no conditions on him."

NCC recommends centralisation of agricultural decision making,

## Shamir may shift Beirut positions denies secret accord

TEL AVIV (R) — Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir Sunday sought to allay Israeli public concern over growing military involvement with Washington, saying he made no commitments during talks with President Reagan last week.

Addressing the Knesset (parliament), Mr. Shamir brushed aside speculation in the foreign and Israeli press that he had agreed to U.S.-American military collaboration, aimed particularly

at getting Syria out of Lebanon. He was constantly heckled by the small new Communist Party faction, who shouted "tell us all the truth" and "what did you really promise the Americans."

Mr. Shamir said: "Many untrue, baseless rumours have been circulating concerning my talks with

take on itself any military commitments and no agreements were reached which were not disclosed to the public."

has come out against strategic co-operation with Washington. Eban of the opposition Labour Party said Israel "should get out of all of Lebanon as quickly as pos-

He said: "Israel has only one interest in Lebanon and that is making certain that its northern border is secure from attacks from South Lebanon."

# Beirut explosion kills 14

The blast, in a heavilypopulated Muslim area of the city, set fire to stores of paint and turpentine in a building across the street and firemen fought for hours to douse the flames.

"They say men do not cry. Believe me, I cry," he said. "Why do they do this? We have no enemies here. There are no guns here. We have nothing here," he said in anger and bewilderment.

of high explosive. Beirut Radio quoted civil defence staff working at the scene of the blast as saying 14 had died, although security sources reported

The fire spread to surrounding buildings, trapping people on the upper stories. The heat of the blaze and the thick smoke delayed rescue

Security sources said the casualty list would probably rise. Firemen were still trying to control the fire in a two-storey building two hours after the blaze began, eyewitnesses said.

or fire control.

The explosion, which shook south Beirut shortly after 8 a.m. (0600 GMT), blew off the balconies and some of the facade of a ninestorey block across the street from the burning two-storey building.

by French soldiers wielding bayonetted automatic rifles, cheered when rescuers brought out a baby from the nine-storey building. The child was limp put app-

Beirut has suffered almost daily bomb attacks, but most of them have been smaller and have been set outside shops at night after the 8 p.m. curfew.

bomb exploded outside an apartment block in south Beirut Monday, killing up to 14 people and wounding more than 80 others, state-run radio said.

A group calling itself the "Front for the Liberation of Lebanon from Foreigners' called a news agency in Beirut to claim responsibility for what it called a "barbecue operation." There was no confirmation of the claim.

The front said the operation was a warning to all who call for Israel's withdrawal from Lebanon. Syria must leave first, it declared. Local resident Hassan Youssef. who was in a nearby building at the time of the blast, said some of his family were killed and wounded.

"Why? because we are Mins-

Muslims have been in the forefront of demands that Israel should pull its troops out of Lebanon. Security sources estimated the car contained 150 kilogrammes

10 had died.

Scores of civil defence workers, some heavily bloodstained, swarmed the area helping with rescue

A crowd of residents, kept back

arently alive.

His Majesty King Hussein bids farewell to Turkish President Kenan Evren who left Amman Monday

# Evren ends visit to Jordan

AMMAN (J.T.) - Turkish President Kenan Evren left Amman Monday after a three-day state visit to Jordan during which he held talks on issues of mutual concern, and regional problems including Lebanon and the Iran-Iraq

President Evren was seen off at Amman airport by His Majesty King Hussein. His Highness Prince Mohammad, Prime Minister Mudar Badran, Upper House of Parliament Speaker Ahmad Al Tarawneh, National Consultative Council Speaker Suleiman Arar. elopment of bilateral relations." Court Minister Amer Khammash. Chief Chamberlain Prince Ra'd lbn Zaid, Armed Forces Commander-in-Chief Lt.-Gen. Sharif, Zaid Ibn Shaker, cabinet members, the dean of diplomatic corps in Jordan and a number of senior civilian and military off-

icials. On departure, President Evren sent the following cable to the King:

"As I leave the Jordanian air space, I would like to extend to thanks and deep gratitude for the amic culture. hospitality and warm welcome accorded to me and to the members of my delegation.

"I shall always cherish the plebeautiful country and look forward to further continue our dia-

logue and to see Your Majesty and Her Majesty Queen Noor in Tur-

On this occasion, I would like to reiterate my best wishes for your personal health and happiness as well as for the progress and prosperity of the brotherly Jordanian nation.

## Abu Odeh praises ties

Minister of Information Adnan Abu Odeh said President Evren's visit to Jordan is a "significant stage on the path to the devand stressed that relations between Jordan and Turkey are "excellent and are characterised with mutual respect and identical views on most issues under con-In his address to a Turkish press

team, which accompanied President Evren. Mr. Abu Odeh said the strength of relations between the two countries arises from several factors, the most important of which are their being part of the you, dear Brother, my sincere mutual heritage and common Isl- balanced economic system, based

said, is the Israeli occupation of for its citizens." Jerusalem and other Arab terceful settlement in the region and cooperation.

the return of Jerusalem to its lawful owners, as preservation of its Arab-Islamic identity is a common responsibility.

On the Iran-Iraq war, Mr. Abu Odeh said that Iran's persistence in continuing the war poses a threat to the security and stability of the region, which has created long-standing factors for a longterm conflict the peoples of the region have invariably tried to avoid, as it obviously threatens their well-being and prosperity.

#### U.S.-Israeli pact condemned

Commenting on the new strategic agreement between the U.S. and Israel, Mr. Abu Odeh pointed out that it will drive the region into international polarisation, and undermine peace prospects in the area.

Answering a question on the prosperity modern Jordan is enjoying. Mr. Abu Odeh said, "such prosperity is due in the first place to the security and political stasame strategic region and their bility the country enjoys, and the on credibility in dealing with other The challenges facing both 1 ur nations in addition to Jordan's key and Jordan, Mr. Abu Odeh educational and training policies

During President Evren's visit. asant memories of my stay in your ritories, and "Turkey can play a Jordan and Turkey signed an agrspecial rote contributing to a pea- eement on technical and economic

#### 'Eurogroup' to discuss East-West ties

BRUSSELS (R) - Defence ministers of 11 West European countries Monday opened the first round of NATO ministerial meetings since new U.S. mediumrange nuclear missiles arrived in

Prospects for improving East-West relations in spite of the Soviet walkout from U.S. Soviet medium-range missile talks in Geneva were expected to top the agenda of Atlantic alliance defence and foreign ministers, diplomats said.

cow that the West remains ready many and Czechoslovakia as part

broader East-West cooperation while maintaining a strong def-

The "Eurogroup" session, covering all European alliance members except France, Spain and Iceland, began after NATO military chiefs heard an intelligence report on the transfer of Western high technology to the Soviet bloc and Warsaw Pact preparations for siting Soviet SS-21 and SS-23 missiles in Eastern Europe.
Soviet President Yuri And-

The Europeans want the mee- ropov said last month the new mistings to send a clear signal to Mos- siles would be sited in East Ger-

for dialogue on arms control and of the Soviet response to NATO's medium-range missile deployments.

Military sources said the European ministers would consider the idea of merging the interrupted Geneva talks on medium-range missiles with the U.S.-Soviet talks on strategic arms as a way of getting Moscow back to the negotiating table.

But diplomats said it should be left to the Soviet Union, which broke off the Geneva talks, to say in what future forum it was prepared to negotiate. There was noquestion of the West taking such an initiative, they said.

## Warsaw Pact ministers gather in Sofia

BELGRADE (R) - Warsaw Pact defence ministers gathered in Sofia Monday for their first joint assessment of the deployment of new U.S. nuclear missiles in Europe and last month's suspension of the Geneva medium-range missile

The meeting was called amid growing East-West tension caused by the arms build-up in Europe and escalation of the fighting in Lebanon, where U.S. planes have attacked positions held by Soviet-backed Syrian troops. The official Bulgarian news agency BTA reported the arrival

and Romania, to join Soviet Def-ence Minister Dimitri Ustinov who flew in Sunday. ence Minister General Dobri Dzhurov. The commander-

in-chief of the Communist pact's forces, Marshal Viktor Kulikov, is also attending. BTA gave no further details of Monday afternoon and continue

The Eastern bloc has con-

eated Soviet charges that the Rea-

of ministers from Czechoslovakia, demned the siting of U.S. cruise East Germany, Hungary. Poland and Pershing-2 missiles in Western Europe, which began in Britain and West Germany last month, and Soviet leader Yuri All were met by Bulgarian Def- Andropov has announced counter-measures.

These include speeding up deployment of new-generation Soviet medium-range missiles in East Germany and Czechoslovakia. the meeting but western diplomats abandoning a self-imposed freeze in Sofia believed it would begin on SS-20 missiles targeted on Western Europe, and deploying

sea-launched missiles close to the U.S. territory.

# Top Soviet aides say Geneva talks a dead letter

Mr. Kornienko said Soviet intgan administration had aimed entions would become apparent from the outset to sabotage the on Dec. 8, a statement that some Western diplomats took as a hint that the Kremlin could be planning a suspension.

Using a wall chart to set out the mathematics of Moscow's case in both INF and START, Gen. Ogarkov repeated Soviet assertions that Washington was trying to prepare a nuclear first-strike capercontinental, weapons before the

"Only adventurers and selfgested Moscow may suspend the murderers could contemplate START talks as a further response such a nuclear strike." he added.

# arrests 'U.S. spies'

horities disclosed the arrest of two alleged U.S. spies Monday and accused the Warsaw embassies of some NATO countries of conducting intelligence activities and subversion in Poland. Interior Minister General Cze-

slaw Kiszczak told parliament the men were Jacek Jurzak, a Polish scientist living in Bielsko-Biala near the Czechoslovak border. and Norbert Adamachek, a West Jerman visiting Poland.

Gen. Kiszczak said the activities of the men, arrested last month while working for U.S. intelligence, were "dangerous and

They will be tried for espionage and risk the death penalty if con-

victed, he added. Their capture followed the arrest of Bytom in southern Poland in August of a woman, also alleged

elligence. Gen. Kiszczak, who read a report on the overall security sitmchek used his trips to Poland on behalf of his West German emp-

#### INSIDE

- OIC delegates consult in
- Dhaka, page 2 Symposium on drug ind-
- page 3 U.S. democratic contenders go for each
- subject of law suits in the
- Social Democrats win Venezuela elections.

# Syria: Pilot will not be freed before U.S. pullout

Moscow calls U.S. raid

banditry, supports Syria

Union Monday denounced Sun-ditry and aggression being carried

day's U.S. air attack in Lebanon as out for more than a year now by

aid for Syria and leftist Arab for- the U.S. armed forces," Mr. Zam-

yatin said.

DAMASCUS (R) - Syria said positions in the central Lebanese Monday it would hand over a captured American pilot only when U.S. forces left Lebanon and war- U.S. overflights of its positions in ned it would continue to fire on Lebanon were a "provocation" U.S. planes flying over its bases in and signalled Syria would con-

Lebanon. A senior Syrian military source said the captured airman, identified as Lieutenant Robert over Syrian positions is a pre-Goodman, would not be returned meditated provocative action, and until "the end of the Lebanese war and the departure of American

forces from Lebanon." The source also gave the first Syrian confirmation that a second airman had died in Sunday's air He said the body of the airman. identified phonetically as Lie-

utenant Mark Lang, would be

handed back as soon as arrangements were made with the U.S. embassy in Damascus. The two men were piloting a effective implementation, since U.S. Navy A-6 "Intruder" which Syria does not want to be involved was shot down while on a bombing raid against Syrian anti-aircraft ted States," the broadcast said.

State-run Damascus radio said tinue to fire at any planes which made such flights. "The flying of American planes

Syrian forces have no alternative but to defend themselves against any provocation or aggression." The broadcast appeared to be referring to reconnaissance flights which the U.S. navy regularly makes over Syrian positions in

central Lebanon.

The radio noted that President Ronald Reagan had said the United States was not seeking confrontation with Syria. "But this requires proof and in a military conflict with the Uni-

## President Reagan in Washington. "In these talks, Israel did not The opposition Labour Party

Former Foreign Minister Abba sible."

MOSCOW (R) — Senior Soviet military and civilian officials said Monday talks on limiting nuclear missiles in Europe were now a dead letter and accused Washington of trying to sabotage sep-arate talks on limiting strategic

weapons.

and two senior Kremlin aides spoke at a press conference called to set out Moscow's position after the start of deployment of new U.S. missiles in Western Europe. One of the officials, Communist Party international information chief Leonid Zamyatin, also said

President Yuri Andropov was

recovering from a cold and denied

his three-month absence was due

Chief of Staff Nikolai Ogarkov

to a more serious illness. Gen. Ogarkov, Mr. Zamyatin and Deputy Foreign Minister Georgy Kornienko said Washington was responsible for the walk-out by Moscow from the Geneva negotiations 12 days ago and they attacked Western leaders

reducing strategic arms (START). "Since the INF talks were scuttled by the U.S. and are now a

dead letter... then one can't speak

of merging negotiations," he said.

for suggesting Moscow would ret-urn to the talks. Mr. Kornienko dismissed Western suggestions that Moscow might agree to merge the Intermediate Nuclear Force (INF) missile talks with negotiations on

"It seems it is now seeking the same objective at the negotiations on strategic arms." he added. U.S. and Soviet negotiators are due to meet again this week in Geneva for a final round of talks on the strategic, or int-

Geneva talks.

Western officials have sug-

to the deployment of cruise and Pershing-2 missiles later this Gen. Ogarkov, who has been playing an increasingly public role in explaining Kremlin policy, repmonth.

ability in Europe.

# Poland

WARSAW (R) - Polish aut-

extremely harmful".

to be working for U.S. int-

uation in Poland since martial law was lifted in July, said Mr. Adaloyers to carry out espionage actHabib Chatti stresses need for Islamic unity

# Delegates consult in Dhaka on 14th OIC conference eve

DHAKA (R) — Muslim delegates Monday started intensive consultations on key Middle East issues as they gathered for the Organisation of the Islamic Conference meeting which opens in the Bangladesh capital Dhaka Tuesday.

A spokesman for the five-day meeting told Reuters 33 delegations had so far arrived for the 14th OIC conference, which is expected to focus on developments in Lebanon, highlighted by U.S. air attacks on Syr-

ian positions there. The split in the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), the Iran-Iraq conflict, the declaration of independence by Turkish Cypriots and the continued Soviet presence in Afghanistan are also expected to be high on the agenda.

More than 15 foreign ministers are expected to be among the del- independent state.

egates, the spokesman said. They include Kenal Atakol, foreign minister of the self-proclaimed state of Turkish Cyprus.

A senior Turkish- Cypriot official told Reuters Mr. Atakol was engaged in intensive consultations ahead of the meeting, apparently as part of his administration's attempts to win support from fellow Muslim leaders.

But conferences sources said a majority of the 41-member body. including Saudi Arabia, opposed admittance of Turkish Cypriots to the OIC as representatives of an

Pakistani Foreign Minister Sahabzada Yaqub Khan and Ban- ther major topic at this week's gladesh Foreign Minister Shamsud Doha met Monday to discuss the meeting's draft agenda, officials said.

OIC Secretary-General Habib Chatti stressed on his arrival Monday the need for unity in the Islamic world and said he hoped delegates would adopt resolutions tackling challenges to Muslim

He has severely criticised the new strategic cooperation agreement between the United States and Israel, branding it a threat to

Mr. Chatti flew in from Jeddah and was met by Bangladesh Foreign Minister A.R. Shams-ud Doha.

The OIC includes 18 African states, and the question of independence for Namibia (South

#### Multinational force losing neutrality'

RABAI (R) - The peace-Moroccan daily Rissalat Al-Oumma said Monday.

on Syrian positions indicated that members of the Multinational Force "seem to have abandoned neutrality ... to become parties directly concerned in the Lebanon | being fired on from Syrian ter- the Syrians themselves were more

meeting.

The conference spokesman said the Moro National Liberation Front (MNLF), which has been waging a guerrilla campaign for political autonomy in the southern Philippines, was expected to send representatives.

Members of the fragmented Afghan guerrilla movement, opposed to the Soviet-backed Kabul government, will also lobby for support from OIC members.

Mr. Chatti described the meeting as important and noted it was taking place in the capital of the world's second most populous Muslim nation.

keeping force in Lebanon has abandoned its neutrality, threutening to internationalise the conflict. the pro-government

It said Sunday's U.S. air strike

# Egypt urges U.S. restraint

CAIRO (R) — Egypt. among Washington's closest Arab allies. renewed an appeal for U.S. restraint in the Middle East Monday following the U.S. raids on Syrian positions in Lebanon and shelling of American Marines there.

Egypt's President's Hosni Mubarak pleaded with the United States last month to exercise resraint in dealing with Syria.

Asked by reporters Monday if Egypt now felt its appeal had been ignored. Foreign Minister Kamal. Hassan Ali replied; "It was the Pentagon's view that it should retaliate against breaking of the ceasefire. We still call for restraint and no further escalation."

Mr. Ali also said the United States had assured Egypt in the past 24 hours that its new strategic co-operation agreement with Israel would not impede its search for Middle East peace.

Mr. Ali spoke to reporters after a meeting of the cabinet security group chaired by President Hosni

of the Multinational Pea-

Mr. Owen, speaking on tel-evision the day after the United

against Syrian positions in Leb-

anon, said there was talk the Uni-

ted States might not rule out att-

States launched its first air strikes blunder.

David Owen said Monday.

aides including Prime Minister Fuad Mohieddin and Defence Minister Field Marshal Mohamed Abdel-Halim Abu Ghazala.

Mr. Mubarak called the meeting to consider the new flare-up in Lebanon and the U.S.-Israeli accord on closer military and political ties, reached in Washington last Tuesday by President Reagan and Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir.

Sunday. Mr. Mubarak's Foreign Affairs Adviser Osama Baz and Egypt's ambassador in Washington, Ashraf Gorbal, met U.S. Secretary of State George Shultz

to convey Egyptian concern.

Mr. Ali said Egypt subsequently received assurances the U.S. would continue trying to make progress with Mr. Reagan's September 1982 Middle East peace plan and that it valued its relations with Arab countries.

The U.S. special Middle East envoy, Donald Rumsfeld, is exp-

Opposition Labour foreign aff-

bombardment of Syrian positions,

leading to retaliation in which

eight Marines died, had been a

He argued that before the air

strikes the Soviet Union had

begun to put pressure on the Syr-

Mubarak and attended by key ected in Cairo Tuesday with a message to Mr. Mubarak from Mr. Reagan conveying further assurances. Mr. Ali told reporters he was not sure exactly when Mr. Rumsfeld would arrive.

Mr. Mubarak and other ranking officials in Egypt. which is one of Washington's closest U.S. allies. have said they await details on precisely what Mr. Reagan and Mr. Shamir agreed.

They have added that, if preliminary reports are correct, it poses a new obstacle to the U.S. sponsored peace process begun with the late Anwar Sadat's joumey to occupied Jerusalem in 1977 and Egypt's 1979 peace treaty with Israel.

The Egyptian press has been hostile, with the mass-circulation Al-Akhbar saying Monday: "By entering into strategic cooperation with Israel, the United States declares its approval of Shamir's reckless policies."

# U.S. will quit U.N. if Israel is expelled

WASHINGTON (R) - President Reagan said the United States would quit the United Nations if Israel were ever expelled from the international organisation.

"Just so no one gets any ideas, let me be blunt. If Israel is ever forced to leave the U.N., the United States and Israel will leave together." Mr. Reagan said.

The president made his comments during a brief appearance at 2 Jewish community centre in nearby Rockville, Maryland.

"Israel has a friend in America and good friends stand together." he said adding that the bonds between the two countries "are growing stronger and they must not and will never be broken".

# Anonymous pro-Arafat aide meets delegates for Islamic conference

DHAKA (R) - A member of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Monday urged Arab countries to unite in thwarting what he called a foreign-backed conspiracy against the Palestine cause

A PLO delegate to the Organisation of the Islamic Conference meeting which opens in Dhaka Tuesday said the rebellion against PLO chief Yasser Arafat was not a mutiny but "a foreignhatched plot to slander the Palestinian people and liquidate their cause.

Mr. Arafat and his supporters are currently awaiting evacuation from the northern Lebanese port of Tripoli where they are under siege by Syrian-backed PLO reb-

TOKYO (R) — A Japanese tan-

ker has loaded a cargo of oil at

Iran's Kharg Island in the Gulf

despite a ban on Japanese-owned

there, industry sources here said

Shinen Maru was the first Jap-

anese vessel to take on crude at

the island since the Japan ship-

owners' association and the

Japan seamen's union imposed

the ban late last month because

ships' safety could not be assured.

kesmen said the ban, imposed

after Iraqi forces at war with Iran.

Gulf ports last week, had not been

The sources said the Shinen

Association and union spo-

The sources said 235,000-tonne

Monday.

or crewed ships taking on crude comment

reporters on condition he not be identified, said the rebellion ser- city until all his men had been evaove the PLO from the Middle East

equation. He said the PLO would ask forback the Palestinians' struggle for usalem from Israeli control.

The PLO would also ask Muslim countries for about \$40 million in aid for Palestinians in Lebanon and the Israeli-occupied West Bank, he said.

The delegate said an agreement drawn up by Syrian and Saudi Iripoli could be spared further said.

On Friday the owners said they-

had received permission from an

unidentified authority for the Shi-

nen Maru to take on crude at

Kharg Island but refused to give

Another Japanese shipping firm, Kyoei Tanker Co. Ltd, said

on Friday it had sent a 220,000-

tonne vessel to collect crude oul

from Saudi Arabia and Kuwait

and in the southeast of the Gulf to

The sources said other Japanese

They said some Japanese oil

instead of Kharg Island.

await further orders.

Maru had left the Island's terminal traders had chartered a few non- at Kharg Island.

Japanese tanker loaded despite ban

The delegate, who spoke to destruction and casualties. Mr. Arafat would not leave the

but they did not know where it was Japanese tankers heading for the

now. The ship's owners Shinwa Gulf despite higher charges and

Kaiun Kaisha Ltd and its charterer war risk tariffs due to the danger

imposed.

Maruzen Oil Co. Ltd., refused to of Iraqi attacks.

ved U.S. and Israeli plans to rem- cuated safely as stipulated in the accord. "But if the agreement is violated, we will fight to the very end and Arafat will remain with eign ministers at the meeting to his fighters because he is their implement earlier OIC decision to commander-in-chief." he said. Mr. Arafat planned to attend

their own state and remove Jer- the Islamic heads-of-state meeting due to convene in Morocco next month said the Dhaka meeting was expected to express support for the Syrian-Saudi accord but would refrain from denouncing the anti-Arafat rebels.

'The ministers are likely to issue an appeal urging unity of Arabia to end the PLO clashes in Palestinian ranks and world sup-Lebanon should be respected so port for the Palestine cause," they

Japan imports about 460,000

barrels of crude oil a day from Iran

under current direct deal con-

tracts. Oil traders said no imp-

orters had revised or cancelled

contracts with the national Iranian

oil company since the ban was

for about 230,000 barrels a day

expire at the end of this month

Japanese importers were likely to

buy spot crude instead of ren-

But they said this is because

spot market prices were falling,

not because of the ban on loading

ewing their contracts.

They said that when contracts

## By Paul Eedle

think Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini is growing old at 81, but it is as well to remember that Iran's supreme leader has an 87year-old elder brother living quietly in the holy city of Qom.

is a religious scholar who had his share of conflict with the monarchy overthrown by Mr. Khomeini's Islamic revolution in 1979, but he has not played a bal bandits, Pasandideh, who was prominent part in politics since the revolution.

his brother's old house off a narrow alley in Qom. Sitting cross-legged on a thin cushion on the floor, dressed in

black turban and brown cloak, Ayatollah Pasandideh talked to Reuters about his family and the years when he gave his brother some of his first lessons in Islamic theology.

In front of him on the floor of the small room, furnished only with carpets and cushions, stood

two piles of books and an old tra- affareddin, to bring his father's nsistor radio. In one corner was

He said that his brother Ruhollah, who was born on the 20th Jumada Al-Thani, according to the Islamic calendar (Sept. 24, 1902), was the youngest child of a family of three sons and three daughters. Pasandideh said that all but he and Ruhollah were now

His aunt came to live with his

widowed mother to help bring up

the children, and the family emp-

armed guards as a wet-nurse for the infant Ruhollah. "There was turmoil in Iran, robbery and looting were common, and in cities and villages they

had riflemen," the Avatoliah explained. In 1904-5, he and the women of his family went to Tehran to pet-

two murderers to justice.

One of the two died naturally before the authorities could act. but the other was beheaded in Tehran in artillery square known since the 1979 revolution as Imam Khomeini Square.

Occasionally breaking off to refer to notes among a collection of handwritten scraps tucked into an envelope, the ayatollah said both he and Ruhollah received their first lessons in reading and writing from private teachers at home in Khomein.

"He used to outdo all his playmates," he said of his brother. Ruhollah staved in Khomein while his two elder brothers. Pasandideh himself and the late Ayatollah Noureddin Hindi, went to a theological school in Isfahan.

Persian and Arabic script.

# U.K. opposition condemns | Israeli airline pilots protest British boycott

pilots plan to boycott a pronext march, the Israeli airline pilors associations disclosed.

ernational Federation of Airline Pilots Associations (IFALPA) could not be reached for comment, but aviation sources in London said the Israeli account of the British group's decision was cor-

FEL AVIV (R) - British airline given way to the Arab boycott against Israel while claiming their reffessional conference in Tel Aviv usal to come to Israel is based on security considerations. This year's IFALPA conference

The British Airline Pilots Ass-, in Dublin endorsed the decision to ociation (BALPA) and the Int- meet next year in Israel although a number of countries are likely to forbid their pilots to attend. The Israeli group received from

IFALPA last week a copy of a letter from the BALPA chairman, Captain Mike Clarke.

It said no British pilot would Israeli pilots say unofficially attend the conference if it were

# Ayatollah Khomeini's elder brother reminisces about early days

QOM, Iran - The world may

Ayatollah Morteza Pasandideh

He spends his time reading. praying and receiving visitors at

U.S. strikes in Lebanon

cekeeping Force in Lebanon "is airs spokesman Denis Healey,

right on a knife-edge". British who has already called for wit-social Democratic leader and hdrawal of the 100-man British

former Labour foreign secretary contingent in Beirut, said the U.S.

acking Syria if it decided it was ians to "cool it" in Lebanon and

ritory. He added: "That would be ready to talk about the crisis.

LONDON (R) - The credibility a major escalation."

soread his praver mat.

Ruhollah was only a few months old when their father, the leading clergyman in the provincial town of Khomein, was murdered by triborn in the Islamic year 1313 (the Christian year 1896) said.

loyed the wife of one of their used to rob travellers. So everyone

#### Clever student

When Pasandideh returned some seven years later, he taught his young brother basic lessons in Arabic grammer, logic, phi- come from Kashmir. losophy, and the art of writing

Ruhollah then left home to ition the then shah, Muz- study first in the western town of

...... Abu Dhabi, Dubai (RJ)

Cairo (RJ)

Arak and then in Qom, when the Muslim theological schools were revived there in 1921-22.

paigning against the shah. He took an active part in pol-

Conflict with the government combined with bureaucratic eccentricity resulted in Pasandideh and his two brothers having three different surnames.

tructed families to decide on a surname.

Pasandideh, then head of the family, decided that he and his

But the local official in Khomein insisted that no two families caution of registering his brother Ruhollah with an alternative surname. Mustafavi, which the other two brothers would have assumed

almost universally simply as

When Reza Shah moved close to Nazi Germany on the eve of World War II. the government told him the name Hindi indicated pro-British sympathies because of British control of India, the avatollah said. After some arvumer he wrote down a few names and the officials chose Pasandideh.

Before the end of the war he ropriation of supplies by the British army then occupying part of Iran, and he continued to have

was exiled from one city to ano-

"We had many eventful affairs. in Iran could share the same name. tleman (Ayatollah Khomeini) and So Pasandideh took the pre- everyone knows the sorry...

71050

44660

666417

. 841305

# TV & RADIO

sank two Greek ships near tranian tankers were sailing for Sirri Isl-

#### JORDAN TELEVISION

#### MAIN CHANNEL 17:30 ... Cartoons .. Children's Programme . The World We Live In . Programmes Review ..... Local Programme on Sport News in Arabic 19:10 .. Local Series

21:30 Local Programme from the Jer-

News in Arabic

ash Festival

18:00 French Programme 19:00 News in French 19:30 News in Hebrew 20:00 News in Arabic 20:30 Comedy: Hi De Hi 21:00 Towards 20:00 21:10 Secret Army - Eps. 7 22:20 News in English	FOREIGN CHANNEL		
**************************************	19:00 19:30 20:00 20:30 21:00 21:10 22:80	News in French News in Hebrew News in Arabic Comedy: Hi De Hi Towards 2010	

# RADIO JORDAN

855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM
a partly on 9560 KHz, SW
07:00 Morning Show
97:30 News Bulletin
10:00 News Summary
10:03 Oriental Foods
10:18 Morning Show
11:00 Pop Session
12:00 News Summary
12:00 News Summary 12:05
13:00 News Summary
13:05 Pop Session
14:00 News Bulletin
14:10 Instrumentals
14:39 Adventure Stories
15:00 Concert Hour
16:09 News Summary
16:05 Instrumentals, Old Favourites
17:80 Science Report
17:30 Science Reports
18:00 News Summary
18:05 Top Twenty
19:00 Newsdesk
19:30 Date with a Star
20:60 Evening Show
21:00 News Summary
21:65 Evening Show
21:55 News Summary
22:00 Evening Show
23:06 News Headlines
23:05 Evening Show

#### **BBC WORLD SERVICE** 639, 720, 1413 KHz

06:00 Newsdesk 06:30 Breakthrough 06:45 Financial News 06:55 Reflections 07:00 World News 07:99 24 Hours News Summary 07:30 Viennese Nights 07:45
The World Today 08:00 Newsdesk 08:30 Caught in the Act 69:30 World News 09:00 24 Hours News Summary 09:30 The Cambridge Buskers 09:45
Network U.K. 10:00 World News 18:00
Reflection 10:15 Field River 18:30 Dec Reflectio 10:15 Pied Piper 10:30 Det-ective 11:00 World News 11:09 British Press Review 11:15 The World Today 11:30 Financial News 11:40 Look Ahead 11:45 Alexis Korner's Rhythm and Blues 12:00 Discovery 12:30 Mus-ical Milestines (21:10) ical Milestones-r?13:00 World News 13:09 News about Britain 13:15 Letter from London 13:25 Scotland This Week 13:30 Sports International 14:00 Radio Newsreel 14:15 Modern English Poetry 14:45 Sports Round-up 15:00 World News 15:09 24 Hours News Summary News 15:09 24 Hours News Summary 15:30 Network U.K. 15:45 A Johy Good Show 16:30 Emma 17:00 Radio New-sreet 17:15 Outlook 18:00 World News 18:09 Commentary 18:15 Sir Adrian Boult: A Life of Music 18:45 The World Today 19:00 World News 19:09 Mer-dian 19:40 Scotland This Week 19:45 Sports Round-up 28:08 World News 20:30 Nature Notebook 20:40 The Farming World 21:90 Outlook: News Summary 21:39 Stock Market Report 21:43 Look Ahead 21:45 Kings of Jazz 22:90 World News 22:09 24 Hours News Summary 22:30 Alexis Korner's Rhythm and Blues 22:45 Modern Russian Writers 23:15 Letters from London 23:25 Paperback Choice 23:36 From the Promenade Concerts 24:08 World News 00:09 The World Today 00:25 Scotland this Week 00:30 Financial News 00:40 Reflections 00:45 Sports Round-up 01:06 World News 01:09 Commentary 01:15 Pied Piper 01:30 Meridian

#### **VOICE OF AMERICA**

1260, 5965, 7200, 15205, 11725 KHz 05:00 The Breakfast Show: News. Informal Presentation of Popular Music with Feature Reports, Interviews. Answers to Listener's Questions. Science
Digest. News Summary at 30 minutes
past the hour. 17:00 News 17:10 News
sline 17:30 Special English News and
Features 18:00 News 18:10 Focus 18:30
Now Music USA 19:00 News 19:10
News

#### TODAY'S EVENTS

**CULTURAL CENTRES** Goethe Institute .... Soviet Cultural Centre

Folklore Museum: Jewelry and coser 100 veurs old. Álso mo from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre. Amman. Opening hours: 9,000 a.m. - 5 p.m., Year-round. Tel. 51760. Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan. Jabal Al Qal'a (Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9,00 a.m. - 5,00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10,00 a.m. 4.00 p.m.). Closed Tuesdays. Jordan National Gallery: Contains a col-

**EXHIBITION** 

FILM "Les Camisards" at the French Video

**ABC NEWS** At the American Centre at 4:00 and 7:00 p.m.

41993 .... 665195 41793 Amman Municipal Library ..., 36111 University of Jordan Library 843555

#### MUSEUMS

portain variants dealery; Contains a col-lection of paintings, ceramics, and su-lptures by contemporary Islamic units from most of the Muslim countries and a collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Muntazah, Jabal Luwelbdeh, Opening hours; 10,(x) a.m.

# WHAT'S GOING ON

"Orientalists' paintings on exhibit at the Alia Art Gallery.

Centre at 8:3() p.m.

## AMMAN AIRPORT

1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. - 6.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 30128.

Martyrs' Memorial (Military Masseum): Collection of military memorabilia dating from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City, Amman. Opening hours 9 a.m. 4 p.m. Closed Sahmdays. Tel. 66.2.241

18:35

19:05 20:20

20:40 80:30

Popular Life of Jordan Museum: 100 to 150 year old items such as costumes, weapons, musical instruments, etc. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 37169. ARRIVALS

# SERVICE CLUBS

Lions Amman Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Tyche Hotel, 1,30 p.m.

Lious Philadelphia Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Annuan Marriott Hotel, 1,30 p.m.

Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn, 1,30 p.m.

#### Rotary Chab. Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel. 2.00 p.m. Royal Automobile Chab. Jabai Amman. Eighth Circle. Tel. 815261. **CHURCHES**

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Artman, tel. 24590. Church of the Annunciation (Roman Catholic) Jabal Laweibdeh. 37440. De la Salle Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Hussein 661752 Jabal Hussein, 661757. Church of the Amun unchation (Greek Orthodox) Abdali, 23541, Angican Church (Church of the Redemer) Jabal Amman. 41559. Armenian Catholic Church Ashrafieh, 71331.

nian Orthodox Church Ashrafich.

75261

Ashrafieh, 71751.

#### nan International Church (Interdenominational): meets at Southern Baptist School in Shmeisani, 663249. PRAYER TIMES

St. Ephraim Church (Syrian Orthodox)

11:27	(Sunrise) Shuruq Dhuhr
16:30 17:58	*Ast

# FOR THE TRAVELLER

This information is supplied by Alia Information department at the Queen Alia International Airport tel. (08) 53250, where it should always be verified.

09:05 09:15 ...... Aqaba (RJ) . Dubai, Abu Dhabi (RJ) 09:30 09:45 09:45 Damascus (RJ) 10:00 10:40 14:40 ... Doha. Bahrain (RJ) Dhahran, Riyadh (Saudia) Kuwait (KAC) 16:45 .... Lamaca (RJ) ... New York, Vienna (RJ) 17:15

.... Frankfort, Damascus (RJ)

... Rome, Damascus (Alitalia) .... Frankfurt, Damascus (LH)

... London, Paris (RJ)

क्ष (LH)

Baghded (RJ) .... Cairo (EA)

#### MONEY EXCHANGE

Local sellibuy rate	s in fils
Belgian Franc 67/	67.4
Dutch guilder 121.5	122.2
Egyptian guinea	336.2
Egyptian guinea	45.1
Iraqi dinar	357.5
Italian lire (for 100) 22.5/	22.7
Japanese yen (for 100) . 158.4	159,4
Japanese yen (for 100) . 158.4 Kuwaiti dinar 1271.3	1276.3
Lebanese lira 69.6/	71
Omani riyal 1073.3	1080
Qatari riyal 101.7/	102.4
Saudi riyal 106.8/	107.2
Swedish crown 46.4/	46.7
Swiss franc 169.9/	170.9
Syrian lira 58.6/	59.6
UAE dirham 101.2/	101.9
U.K. sterling pound \$40.5/	543.7
U.S. dollar	373
W. German mark 136.1	136.9
Cattern 1998 C 150.7.	

DEPARTURES:

... Cairo (RJ) Demascus (RJ) Damascus, Frankfurt (LH) 07:00 .... Agaba (RJ) 10:05 10:45 Victoria. New York (R.) Athens, Copenhagen (RJ)
Chiro (RJ)
Riyadh, Dhahran (Saudia) 11:30 ... Rome, Madrid (RJ) ....... Lamaca (RJ) ..... Cairo (EA) Kuwait (KAC) ...... Bahrain, Muscat (KLM)

# 29:39 21:30

20:05 20:15

#### WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of

It will be cloudy to partly cloudy with scattered showers. Winds will be sou-theasterly light and moderate. In Agaba, it will be partly cloudy, with nor-therly moderate winds and seas calm.

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 22, Aqaba 23, Humidity rea-dings: Amman 40 per cent, Aqaba 50

# that their British colleagues have held in Israel.

Pasandideh said he had been a follower of his brother during the 20 years when Ruhollah was cam-

itics, writing to government ministers on various issues and interceding for the release of clergymen jailed by the authorities.

In 1925-26 the government of Reza Shah, father of the man ousted in 1979, set up a national register and for the first time ins-

brother Noureddin should take the surname Hindi. meaning "Indian", as the family had originally

if they had been unable to use In practice Ruhollah is known

Khomeini, after his home town.

which means "the approved." was accused of anti-Britishness because of protests about the exp-

trouble with the authorities. "I was never imprisoned, but I

ther." he said. and then they exiled the gen-

#### USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS. **EMERGENCIES** Dr. Mahmoud Khalil Omran ... 73172 Nairukh pharmacy . 193, 75111 Al Haya phannacy ..... Fattalah phannacy ..... Jabal Al Taj phannacy

Taxina taxi

Kurdi taxi .

Waddah taxi

IRBID

Jerusalem taxi ..... Tamer taxi .....

Dr. Hani Gharaybeh .....

Al Razi pharmacy

.... 199 .75121

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.... 75111

#### 36381-2

Municipal water service 71125-8
Queen Alia Int. Airport (18) 53333
HOSPITALS
· <del>-</del>
Hussein Medical Centre 813813-32
Khalidi Maternity, J. Amman 44281-4
Akileh Maternity, J. Amman 17111
Jabal Amman Maternity 42362
Malhas, J. Amman
Palestine, Shmeisani 664171-4
Shmeisani Hospital
University Hospital 845845
Dar Al-Shifa, J. Hussein 667158
Al-Mussher Hospital 667227-9
ni-masici nuspital 00/22/-9

#### Army, Marka 91611 **NIGHT DUTY** AMMAN:

The Islamic, Abdali .

lian, Al-Muhairee

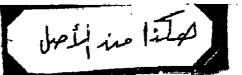
Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafieh

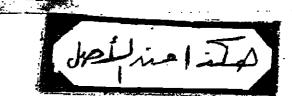
Al-Ahti, Abdali ...

GENERAL Jordan Television Radio Jonian Hotel complaints ..... Price complaints ..... Information .... Jordan and Middle East calls 

# MARKET PRICES

opper to set price in jus per Kg.	Grabes (witte) (title Off
Apple (Double Red) 260 : 220	Grapes (black)
Apple (Golden)	Grapefruit
Apple (Starken)	Guava
Apple (Smith)	Lemon 140 / [(t
Apple (local)	Marrow (large) 5(1 / 3(
Banana	Marrow (small)
Banana (Mukammar) : 230 / 200	Mallow
Beans 16(1 12()	Olives 350 / 304
Cabbage 7() 5()	Onion (dry) 130 / 110
Carrot	Okra 150 / 1(K
Cauliflower (white) 7() / 5()	Oranges (Abu Surra) 250 / 200
Cucumber (large) 12() : 1(t)	Oranges (Shammouti)
Cucumber (small)	Pears
Dates	Pepper (sweet) 150 / 120
Eggplant (large)	Pepper (hot green)
Egoplant (small) (20 / 8()	Potatoes
Figs	Radish 100 / 80
Garic 32(1 / 280	Tomatoes 400 / 120
· ·	•





NCC recommends centralisation

of agricultural decision-making

# Obeidat attends ministers meeting

AMMAN (J.T.) — Minister of the Interior Ahmad Obeidat Sunday night headed a Jordanian delegation to the second session of the Arab Interior Ministers' Council, which opened in Baghdad Monday.

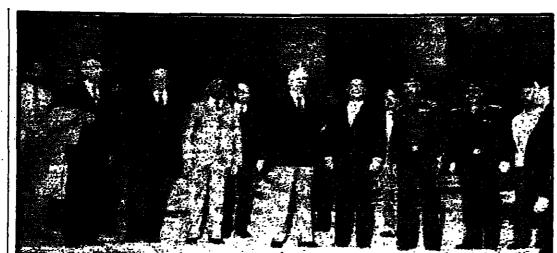
The Jordanian team to the three-day meeting includes Civil Defence Director-General Maj.-Gen. Khaled Al Tarawueh, Lt.-Col. Mohammad Al Tarazi of the Public Security Directorate and Mr. Mohammad Al Adwan from the Interior Ministry. In the first session of the council meeting the official Iraqi News Agency reported the vice-chairman of Iraq's ruling Revolutionary Command Council, Izzat Ibrahim, as saying Iran was seeking to extend what he called its aggression to other Arab states, according to the Reuters News Agency.

Ibrahim was addressing interior ministers from a total of 18 Arab countries and a representative of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), who are meeting here to discuss, among other things, what the agency called without elaboration "a strategic Arab security project."

Ibrahim said in a speech he read on behalf of President Saddam Hussein: "Iran has chosen Iraq as a springboard to extend its aggression on Gulf and other Arab countries.

Egypt is absent from the meeting after being boycotted by other Arab states over of its 1979 peace treaty with Israel. Syria and Libya, which back Iran in its war with Iraq, are also missing.

Arab League Secretary-General Chadli Klibi criticised last week's U.S.-Israeli strategic agreement and said it threatened Arab national security.



EVREN IN PETRA: Turkish President Kenan Evren (sixth from right) poses Monday with Court Minister Amer Khammash (to his

left) outside the treasury in the ancient Nabatean city (Petra photo)

# Malhas: Large attendance at symposium confirms importance of drug industry

By Ara Voskian Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - Minister of Health Zuhair Malhas Monday opened a symposium on "Drug Industry in the Arab World," organised by the Arab Company for Drug Industry and Medical Appliances (ACDIMA) at the Amman Marriott Hotel.

Dr. Malhas, who was deputising for His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, welcomed the participants to the symposium and said that the event came at a time when the Arab World is facing different kinds of challenges and

"Therefore with our selfconfidence and ability we must stand firmly in the face of these challenges," he said.

He also pointed out the distinctive features of medicine and pharmacy achieved by the Arab civilisation, which is now a controlled industry.

"The large number of participants from universities and

indication of the great importance of this industry, which requires continuous support and care", Dr.

Malhas said.

Also during the opening session, Chairman of the Board of ACDIMA Saleh Al Omair made a speech in which he reviewed the motives behind the establishment of ACDIMA and took a comprehensive look at future requirements and needs in this field throughout the region.

The company's objective is to conduct the entire range of activities in the field of the production and marketing of pharmaceuticals, medical appliances and their accessories. ACDIMA is a joint Arab com-

pany, comprising 15 Arab governments and other participants. which was established by a resclution of the Council of Arab Economic Unity (CAEU) on March 6. 1976 with a capital of six million Kuwaitidinars.

The company's main responsibility is planning the development of the Arab drug ind-

five-member municipal council

which runs its affairs, mostly con-

cerning the water supply and ele-

He said: " The municipality was

established in 1971 when a three

kilometre water network was laid

to draw water from Maqat -- a

project carried out and controlled

by the Water Supply Corporation

inhabitants' needs.

The water is sufficient for the

The WSC has set up a water

reaching the tower is made of pla-

water supply being cut off som-

etimes frmom two to eseven days

at a stretch both in winter and in

The governor has promised to

To find out about the town's

have a new metal pipe laid con-

necting the tower sooon, Mr. Abu

companies in the Arab World is an ustry on a national level based on the necessary economic and technical feasibility studies.

> After the opening ceremony, the minister opened an exhibition of pharmaceutical products and medical equipment. On display were products manufactured by ACDIMA and other companies in Jordan, Saudi Arabia, Dubai, the occupied territories and Sweden.

After the opening of the exhibition, the conference started its first panel discussion, during which papers were read by speakers from Ministries of Health in several Arab countries including Jordan, Bahrain, Sudan, Syria, Saudi Arabia, Iraq. Lebanon. Libva, Kuwait, Morocco and North and South Yemen.

During the three-day symposium, a wide range of subjects will be discussed including the development and marketing of Arab pharmaceuticals quality control, research, raw materials used by the drug industry, the drug industry's experience in the Arab World and the use of modern technology.

AMMAN — National Consultative Council (NCC) members Monday called for the concentration of authority in the hands of the ministry of agriculture

By Salameh B. Ne'mat and Lamis K. Andoni Special to the Jordan Times

In a discussion of recommendations submitted by the council's Agricultural Committee concerning agricultural policy in Jordan, several members pointed out that the Ministry of Agriculture should assume more authority over other agricultural institutions and departments in Jor-

Members suggested that agrof Agriculture. "The existing decentralisation in decision-making hampers agricultural dev-elopment in Jordan," they said.

As a solution, members recommended the centralisation of decision-making and decentralisation in the implementation of agricultural policies and projects.

recommendations are based on an Jordan Valley Authority, the rep-NCC debate on agriculture that took place last June.

then presented a statement on agr- cialised committee drawing from icultural policy in Jordan and aro- ministries and institutions conund 26 council members sub- cerned with agricultural devmitted papers in which they elaborated on the problems facing the aim of removing such conagriculture and came up with suggestions concerning the dev-elopment of this vital part of the Jordanian economy.

The recommendations of the Agricultural Committee, which were approved by the NCC Monday, concentrated on three areas ources and the labour force. of agricultural policy: Agricultural laws and regulations; agricultural policies in the exploitation of available development resources, and agricultural policies in development and making available of production elements, and com-

to facilitate agricultural development. In its report, the Agricultural Committee pointed out that there are contradictions between the

> general law relating to agriculture in Jordan and other related laws. The report cited several examples of such "contradictions" which "negatively affect agricultural development" in Jordan.

For example, item number one icultural institutions should work of the general agricultural law under the umbrella of the Ministry empowers the Ministry of Agriculture to regulate agricultural production through the application of a certain agricultural pattern and to hold agricultural courses that serve agricultural development.

This article, however, the report noted, has been ineffective since the enactment of the law. Furthermore, it contradicts the pow-The Agricultural Committee ers granted to the chairman of the ort added. To resolve such contradictions, the committee called The Ministry of Agriculture for the formulation of a speelopment to study the laws with tradictions.

> In the area of agricultural policies in the exploitation of available development resources, the committee presented recommendations concerning the development of land, water res-

> The committee raised the problem of building on fertile land for commercial and industrial purposes and the danger of the saiinution of fertile land, especially in the Jordan Valley. This problem was brought up

last June by the council members who pointed out then that 10 per cent of the land in the valley has been rendered useless due to the rise in the saline content of the

In order to secure a better exploitation of the land, the committee suggested the following the modernisation of soil sur-

vey techniques. - the formulation of a long term plan to implement the most appropriate programme of land exploitation based on the results of

soil survey studies. - a national programme to stop the desertification of land.

- the application of an agricultural pattern that is consistent with the government's production and marketing policies.

#### Water resources

The committee also formulated proposals to compensate for the defiency in water resources and to ensure the proper conservation and usage of the available res-

The report stated that the average amount of rainfall annually is around six billion cubic metres. while the amount of rain exploited for agriculture is only about 1,100 million cubic metres. The committee warned that as

long as agriculture comes at the end of the list of priorities in relation to water usage, agricultural development will always suffer from a defiency of water. Thus the committee called for

the building of surface dams where needed, the establishment of stone chains, and engineering constructions to prevent the loss of rain water and to raise the reservoir of subterranean water.

It also suggested the continuation of establishing sewage water refinery projects in order to use the refined water for agriculture and to make a study of subterranean water to decide on the appropriate ways of exp-

The third aspect of agricultural resources raised by the committee was that of population in rural areas and the agricultural labour private sector.

rural total population declined conservation of water, soil and from 49 per cent to 40 per cent. This decline was accompanied by a shortage of labour. The percentage of the labour force employed in agriculture dropped from 35 per cent in 1961 to 18 per cent

in 1975 and 16.8 per cent in 1980. This percentage, however, includes the foreign labour in Jordan and does not reflect the true percentage of Jordanian agricultural workers.

Regarding skilled and uniersity graduates that work in agrculture, the report stated that 1.2(X) agricultural engineers work in the private and public sectors of The report pointed out, how-ever, that 650 agricultural engineers have left the country to seek better work opportunities. Jordan also has 300 vets, half of whom work in the private sector.

To combai the labour shortage in agriculture, the committee adopred several recommendations: - it called on the government to apply a "comprehensive regional programme" that was started in the Jordan Valley and to implement projects in order to develop other regions of the country. - to reevaluate the method of employing agricultural skills in cooperation with the professional associations to accelerate the rate

#### Development plans

of agricultural development.

The last point that was discussed by the council was agricultural policies of development. Development plans were the first issue to be raised, if being pointed out that government expenditure in agriculture is lower than is needed to develop the sector.

The percentage of funds allocated to agriculture in the development plans of the years 1973-1975, 1976-1980, 1981-1985 were 7.3 per cent. 5.2 per cent and 7.11 per cent respectively.

The percentages are even lower if calculated on the basis of the actual spending of the plans. Thus, the committee emphasised the importance of inc-

reasing funds allocated for agriculture in order to fulfil the needs of agricultural development. The recommendation presented by the committee to ensure

the successful implementation of development plans were: - the plans should take into consideration all the actual development needs of agricultural

projects. — the goals of the projects should not exceed the limits of the ava-

ilable resources. the government should not invest in "productive agricultural" projects apart from those that produce strategic agricultural

commodities but do not attract the - to raise the percentage of gov-It was pointed out that between ernment expenditure in agr-1901 and 1979 the percentage of icultural infrastructure such as the

> financing. to raise the amounts allocated for irrigation in the upland areas and the non-irrigation pasture

The council approved all of the recommendations of the agricultural committee. It will con-

tinue to discuss the committee recommendations in the session that will take place after two weeks. Next week the council will discuss the draft budget of 1984. NCC Speaker Suleiman Arar

announced at the end of the session that next week's session will be held on Sunday instead of

# Yarmouk University team attends housing meeting

H-4 wants a hospital,

nship.

ernational conference on the use housing and their possible solof low-cost building materials for utions, the development of local

housing held recently in Nairobi. The conference debated more than 60 working papers dealing with low-cost building materials in housing one of which was submitted by the university delegation, according to Dr. Mousa Rsheidat who represented the university along with Dr. Asem

Bali at the conference. He added that the conference

By Elia Nasrallah

and Fayez Mahmoud

AMMAN --- Would you believe

that a Jordanian town lying on the

Amman-Baghdad highway close

to the Iraqi border has no hospital.

no pharmacy, does not receive

Jordan Television programmes

while its inhabitants do not receive

This is the town of H-4 which

derives its name from a pumping

station originally established on

the site of the town 50 years ago by

the Iraq Petroleum Company

IPC; which operated a pipeline

carrying oil from the Iraqi oilfields

to Haifa, the Palestinian Med-

iterranean port from where ships

and tankers carried the crude to

Perhaps, due to its remoteness

from Amman nearly 250 kms

any Jordanian newspaper?

IRBID (Petra) - Yarmouk Uni- also discussed topics related to versity participated in the int- engineering problem in low-cost raw materials in addition to cooperation among the scientific institutions which organised the conference and research centres and universities in developing cou-

> Taking part in the conference were 160 researchers and specialists from 46 countries, Dr. Rsheidat added.

not been for the constant flow of

lorries and other vehicles which

travel between Iraq and Jordn,

H-4 would have been totally iso-

Sha'lan inhabit H-4 and its sur-

rounding regions. Their tents spr-

eading far beyond the three-

square kilometre area of the tow-

According to the mayor, Mus-tafa Khalaf Abu Aqoula, the inh-

abitants of H-4 number about

3.(HII), almost all of whom earn

their living from trade or in off-

ering services to travellers along

the Amman-Baghdad route that

school for boys and one pre-

paratory school for girls both run

by the Ministry of Education, but

there are no bookshops wha-

isoever and the inhabitants do not

In an interview, Mr. Abu Aqo-

He said H-4 has one secondary

penetrates the township.

read newspapers.

The bedouin tribes of Al

# Election results released

By Ziad Al Shelleh

AMMAN -- The Amman Chamber of Industry election results were announced here Sunday evening. Thirty-seven candidates entered the election for membership of the 12-member board of directors, the term of which runs from 1983 to 1987.

Out of 485 who had the right to vote in the election a total of 408 cast their votes in the 12-hour poll, which was held under the auspices of a three-member electoral committee headed by Fu'ad Nafa' as representative of Minister of Industry and Trade Walid Asfour. Three lists of candidates and five independent ones put their

names for the election. The following are the names of those who were successful: Isam Bdeir, Khaldoun Abu Hassan, Abdul Illah Al Tabba', Mohammad Inbeh. Ma'n Dhebian. Sultan Al Armouti, Fuad Qattan, Taufiq Abu Eitah, Zaid Sha'sha'a, Suleiman Al Baghdadi, Subhi Al Tibi and Mohammad Al Gharaibeh.

The first to cast his vote in the election was Bandar Al Taba'a, the president of the outgoing board.

#### two construction contracts AMMAN (Petra) - Ministry of 74-90 square metres. Awqaf and Islamic Affairs Mon- It will also include a park that

Awqaf ministry awards

local companies in relation to two new construction projects.

Under the first agreement, the company will prepare studies and designs for the Awgaf commercial centre project in Saqf Al Seil Street, downtown.

The project, which is estimated to cost JD 10 million, will be built on a 6,019 square metre piece of land and will have an area of

plans to establish an industrial

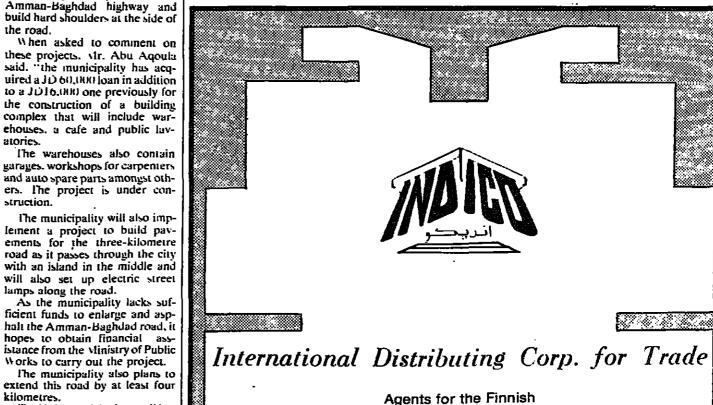
zone, enlarge and asphalt the main

day signed agreements with two can accommodate 650 cars and a large building for offices and commercial markets. Under the other agreement, the second company will construct a

building complex on the site of the old market place in Irbid with an area of 8,000 square metres. The project, which is scheduled to cost JD 1 million, will include a

two-storey car park with a cap-acity of 450 vehicles, with the ground floor being used as a department store. The two agreements were sig-

ned by Minister of Awgaf and Islamic Affairs Kamel Al Sharif and by directors from the two com-



NOKIA CORPORATION

Extends heartiest felicitations to

the government

and the people of FINLAND on the occasion of their Independence Day.

LANGE Liner

#### Marines may shift positions in Lebanon American planes, saying Syria had

from U.S. aircraft carriers struck at Syrian air defence positions in the central mountains in the first such raid by U.S. warplanes since the Marines came to Lebanon in September lası year.

(Continued from page I)

"It is the U.S. that started by

striking at Syrian troops," he said. Gen. Ogarkov said eight Israeli

war planes had taken part in the raid along with 24 U.S. aircraft

Communist Party's international

information department, said

Mr. Zamyatin, chief of the

In Sunday night's bom-bardment of the U.S. post at Bei-

no authority to act against U.S. forces which were in Lebanon at the request of the government

U.S. officials said F-14 fighter reconnaissance flights over Leb-

anon would continue as a measure necessary to protect the U.S. peacekeeping force. They would continue to be protected by A-6 and ernment over the downing of two A-7 ground attack planes.

> and Islamic Affairs. It has also a model boys' school with some help from the Ministry of Education as well as a modern slaughter house and a power

land owned by the municipanty.

The warehouses also contain garages, workshops for carpenters and auto spare parts amongst others. The project is under construction. The municipality will also implement a project to build pav-

ements for the three-kilometre road as it passes through the city with an island in the middle and will also set up electric street lamps along the road. As the municipality lacks sufficient funds to enlarge and asp-

halt the Amman-Baghdad road, it hopes to obtain financial assistance from the vlinistry of Public Works to carry out the project. The municipality also plans to extend this road by at least four

kilometres. The H-4 mnunicinal council has asked us to submit, on its behalf. the following requests to the authorities:

- The town tacks a hospital, the nearest hospital being 200 kms away in Mafraq. There is no "supply controller" and the town is des-

perately in need of one in view of

its important trading centre as it lies close to the Iraqi border. The town needs school premises for girls, the present one being in a dilapidated condition having been built more than 50 years ago by the Iraq Petroleum

Company. ... The inhabitants would like to receive Jordan Television pro-

# away, the town is almost cut off from the rest of the country. Had it

Eurone.

(Continued from page 1)

apparent retaliation for the first U.S. air strike against Syrian tar-

gets in Lebanon. Earlier in the day 28 bombers rut airport, Marine spokesman Major Dennis Brooks said two Marines were also wounded.

U.S. protests to Syria

Mr. Weinberger said Monday the U.S. ambassador in Damascus

had protested to the Syrian gov-

Moscow "will continue to render

In Peking. China opposes the

U.S. and Israeli raids on Syrian

and Palestinian military positions

in Lebanon, a Chinese Foreign

Ministry spokesman said Monday.

The New China News Agency

assistance to those who are waging a struggle against U.S. and Israeli

aggression" in the region.

Aqoula said.

Moscow calls U.S. raid banditry quoted the spokesman as saying: "U.S. and Israeli air raids on Syrmunicipality has built the Prince Hassan Mosque with financial ian and Palestinian positions in the help from the Ministry of Awqai past few days have further int-

> Replying to a reporter's question, the spokesman said: "We strongly denounce those raids."

ensified the tense situation in the

Middle East."

pharmacy and even Jordan ula said that the township has a electric power we turned to local The municipality, he said, has

> icipality which imported two generators and erected 100 electric the road. posts around the town. Later however, he continued, it bought two additional generators and added 200 posts to carry overhead cables and wires. At present there are 350 subscribers to the the construction of a building power system which functions complex that will include war-

electrician Ahmad Taleb Ghanem

who said that in 1974 a power

network was set up by the mun-

both day and night. The municipality has plans to atories, install 120 additional electric. The tower in H-4 but the main pipe posts carrying 200 lamps to light stic and is often damaged with the the main Amman-Baghdad street by night.

Public services

H-4 Mayor Abu Aqoula. in describing the current municipal services, said that the municipality owns one refuse truck and employs six cleaners to collect and remove rubbish from all districts. They then dispose of it in outlying areas because there is no incinerator at present.

The municipality has also purchased a special motor for spraying insecticide and has launched a number of campaigns against nsects. The town has a medical centre

where one physician and one den-

ist offer services to the public, but

the town does not possess a pharmacy, and medicine has to be purchased when necessary from Mafraq, a town lying some 2001 kilometres away.
As to the town's achievements under the present council's man-date Mr. Abu Aqoula said the

house on a 30-dunui

#### Keapasible Lague NOMANNAD AMAD Board of Directors JUMA'A HAMWAD RAJA ELISOA ... MOHAMMAD AMAD GEORGE'S HAWATMEN MAHMOUD ALKAYED Advertising Munager: KIMLC, RHOURL FERNANDO FRANCIS Contacted and advertising offices: hydan Press Foundation. University them. P.O. Box 6710; Ammair, Jordan. Felephones: 666320, 666265 felex: 21497 AERAL JO iogtwij JORTIMES, Ammen, Jörden. Tordan Junes is published daily except Fridays and advertising rates die avoilable from the ion Tipus advertisting department

#### Arabs remain the losers

THERE can be little doubt that Lebanon has emerged the biggest loser from last week's talks in Washington between U.S. President Reagan and Israeli Premier Shamir. Despite the ritual public assurances of continued U.S. support for the Lebanese government, President Gemayel came home from his trip to the U.S. literally empty handed, if not downright discouraged and dispirited.

In sharp contrast to what the Reagan administration offered Israel — in the way of U.S. loans converted into grants, an accord to negotiate a free trade deal, promises to resume cluster bomb deliveries to the already-superarmed Israeli army, and the brand new committees for strategic cooperation — the Lebanese president left Washington with only a clear message to negotiate with the Israelis, if he wants any change in the unequal and controversial May 17 agreement, and to expect no conclusions whatsoever on how to proceed with the withdrawal of foreign forces from his country.

American commentators and observers found nobody in the White House and the State Department to explain how the administration's announced goals compared to their actions and decisions on the problem of Lebanon last week. Even the Israeli press and opposition parties questioned the outcome of Shamir's talks in Washington, saying the whole U.S.-Israeli exercise could only prove to be another powderkeg in the area. As if Lebanon, and the Middle East generally, has not had enough of brinkmanship, dangerous threats and excessive bloodshed already, that Israel's militarism needed a boost and Syria's rejectionism had to be emboldened.

The Lebanese have had enough — enough suffering, enough power-play and enough everything. Will those who say they care give Lebanon a break — a chance to take just one muchneeded breath to continue living? Or is this too much to ask of those whose only thirst seems to be for domination and power?

#### **ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS**

#### Al Ra'i: Joint strategy in practice

ISRAELI AND American air strikes against targets in Lebanon are but an indicator that the region is about to witness a new stage of world tension — reminiscent of the events that preceded the First and Second World Wars. The strikes also demonstrate the close coordination in the acts of aggression against the Arabs perpetrated by the U.S. and Israel which are now bound by a strategic treaty. Washington can no longer brag about being a peace mediator at a time when it is launching attacks on the Arabs and helping their enemies to carry out wars of genocide against the Arab Nation. The Americans will never now be able to re-establish their credibility in the region and will never be able to regain the minimum confidence of Arab countries. They have allied themselves totally behind Israel and have helped them to achieve their goals at the expense of the Arabs. It seems to us that the outcome of the Shamir-Reagan meeting in Washington has begun to bear fruit and the U.S.-Israeli agreement is now manifesting itself in the most grotesque from — agression against the Arabs. Clearly this region, which has long lacked stability and peace, is now facing the most dangerous moment in its history. The world at large is probably about witness one of the most serious confrontations in post the world war era.

#### Al Dustour: Only the beginning

THE AIR strikes on Syrian targets in Lebanon represent for the Arabs a good lesson. It is a lesson to those who acted to further divide the Arab states and weaken their ranks as much as it is a lesson to the Arabs to distinguish between their enemies and friends. We are not in a position to blame any one party for the current situation in our region but we all nevertheless agree on rejecting "air strike" diplomacy because force can only create more tension and provoke counter violence at a time when our region is in dire need of peace and

The U.S. air strikes prompt us to conclude that the recent agreement between Washington and Tel Aviv is being put into practice, and the strikes were only the beginning. The general course of events also prompts us to believe that the U.S. is escalating tension in our region because Washington lacks the wisdom to deal with its peoples. We consider the strikes as a serious development that can only lead to more acts of violence and perhaps to all out war.

## Sawt Al Shaab: A job for the U.N.

ATHE AMERICAN and Israeli air raids on Syrian targets in Lebanon come amidst an escalation of tension and as a prelude to more serious events that are about to take place in the region. U.S. military involvement in the events in Lebanon. although being carried out under the pretext of countering Soviet presence in Syria, can never solve this region's issues and end its conflict. It can only lead to further violence and counter violence and eventually result in super power rivalry in the Middle East arena. The concerted U.S.-Israeli air raids on Syrian targets translate into practice the newly concluded agreement between Washington and Tel Aviv on military and strategic cooperation.

This agreement undermines the role of the U.S. as a peace mediator and exposes the objectives of its ally Israel, which is intent on expanding itself at the expense of the Arabs. It seems that the U.S. has now opted to support the aggressor and ignore calls to safeguard the stability and peace in this region. If the people of this region are at the moment unable to do anything to rectify the situation, then perhaps the United Nations and other peace-loving states can take steps to defuse tension and save the region from further catastrophes.

# Anybody for an encore?

By Rami G. Khouri

The events of the past four days in Lebanon have been so extraordinary that I would not be surprised if next week Donald Duck himself landed in the Shouf mountains and joined the fun. Except, of course, it is no fun at all when people are being killed and superpowers are stumbling in the jungle. There is no doubt in my mind that the vicious cycle of attack and counter-attack. of assault and revenge, will continue in the coming weeks and months. Now we have the spectacle of American planes attacking Syrian positions in Lebanon, and being shot down by Sovietsupplied, and perhaps even Soviet-manned, anti-aircraft systems; and the next day, allies of the Syrians in Lebanon open up a powerful artillery barrage against the American Marines in Beirut, only to be countered by the American warships in the Mediterranean responding with all of their firepower. Geez, just like the movies. isn't it? Or is it more like the cartoons?

The prospect of escalating clashes between the United States and Israel vs. Syria and the Soviet Union is there in the wings, ready to enter the drama. I suspect an American-Soviet clash is,

however, out of the question, mainly because the Soviets have learned well the lesson that if we Arabs cannot fight our own battles. Moscow can only lose by trying to fight them for us.

The likelihood, in my view, is that the present level of American-Syrian clashes will continue and even escalate, and at various points, when the plot starts to get a bit boring. and the roar of those big guns on the deck of the New Jersey gets to be old hand, the Israelis and the pro-Syrian Lebanese factions will move in and out of the picture.
The more interesting aspect

of the current season's offering of warfare and bloodshed in the Holy Land is the slow shift that the Americans have made in their policy in Lebanon during the past three months. I think it is worth examining in some depth, and keeping in the back of our minds as a relevant backdrop to the daily news of battles here and there.

There are too many different things taking place simultaneously in the Middle East now to make any definitive judgements about the right or wrong of American policy. But what are the trends? They seem to be as follows:

1. The United States has taken it upon itself to singlehandedly confront the Syrian dominance of Lebanon, based on the American perception of the Syrians as the obstacle to the withdrawal of foreign troops from Lebanon and the restoration of Lebanese sovereignty. This has pushed the Americans beyond being peace-keepers in the greater Beirut area, to launching attacks against Syrian targets.

2. The United States has

redefined its role in Lebanon. Where the presence of the Marines was originally intended only to restore security in Beirut and help the Lebanese government assume authority in the entire country, the role of the Marines has been redefined in recent months to become an important element in the American determination to confront the Soviet penetration of the area, a penetration that is seen by Washington to pass almost entirely through Syria. The Marines are one element in this American vision of an anti-communist mission. The enormous American fleet near Beirut is another. The third is,

3. The recent reaffirmation by the American political leadership that strong American-

Israeli ties are the cornerstone of long-term American national objectives in the Middle East. This has been taken from the level of principle to the level of practice by the agreements and joint committees that came out of the meetings in Washington last week between the American and Israeli leaderships. Many of the specific results of this rejuvenated American-Israeli relationship remain to be seen, though the tone and implications of the meetings in Washington last

week are loud and clear. I think the Washington discussions, in the long run, will prove much more significant than the American-Syrian and American-Druze clashes taking place these days in Lebanon. It is easy to explain away the warm American-Israeli axis by electoral considerations in the United States, but I think this is not the case. There are a string of fun-

damental assumptions that have remained firmly at the heart of American policy in the Middle East during the past decade, and we are seeing these assumptions activated yet again. Unfortunately, I think the assumptions are wrong, and therefore there appear to be no solid indications that we can expect a lifting of the present gloom that

dominates the area. These assumptions date originally from the Kissinger era, and there are five that stand out: a) keeping Israel financially and militarily strong will give the Israelis the selfconfidence to make concessions on the Palestine issue and eventually withdraw from the West Bank and Gaza; b) the Palestinians will eventually realise that their goal of statehood, or self-determination. is not realistic, and will settle for a lower degree of "autonomy"; c) the Arab "mod-erates" (ie. Saudi Arabia and Jordan, above all) have no option except to maintain a prowestern attitude that sees the United States as their ultimate ally in countering Soviet inf-luence and indigenous radicalism in the region; d) confrontinggo-Soviet Arab allies, such as the Syrians and Libyans, with American military force if necessary, will show the Arabs that courting the Soviets is a losing pro-

position; and, e) only a soft

approach to Israel on such key

issues as settlements in occ-

upied Arab lands and wit-

hdrawal from Lebanon can

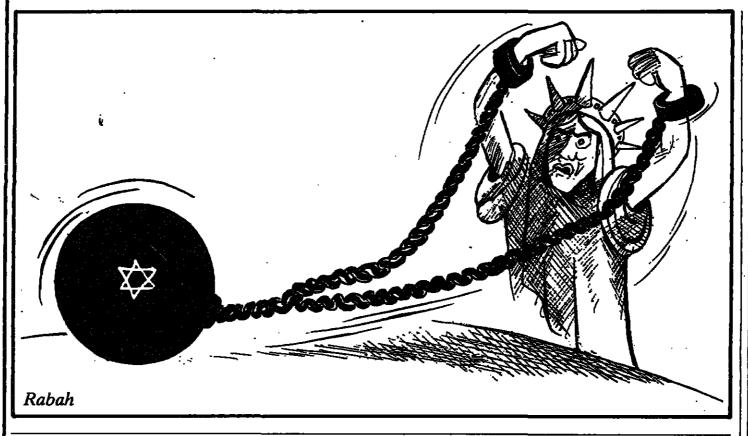
bring about a conciliatory Isr-

aeli policy. while strong-arm American pressure on Israel

would be counter-productive. Every one of these policies is enshrined in last week's American-Israeli agreements. and we in the Arab World need no further proof that the chaos and conflicts within the Arab camp will only be reciprocated by a further tightening of American-Israeli bonds, strategic or otherwise.

It is naive to think that the Americans will see the light and suddenly change their policy. The depressing reality is that with every new season. Israeli resolve is heightened. Israeli transformation of occupied Arab lands is accelerated. American structural support of the Israeli economy and military is enhanced, Soviet penetration in the Middle East is furthered, the despair of Arab moderates is aggravated. and the hopelessness of a drifting, directionless Arab World is emphasised.

If, in such circumstances, Donald Duck does descend upon the area next week, he is likely to quack with an Arabic accent and remind us that cartoons are offered on a non-stop basis only when the audience keeps applauding and asking for more of the same.



# Desaparecidos' tragedy still an urgency to Argentine human rights campaigners

By Gilles Trequesser

BUENOS AIRES - Argentine human rights groups have vowed to give the new civilian government no rest until it resolves the country's thorniest issue: the thousands of people who disappeared under military rule.

If the Radical government of President-Elect Raul Alfonsin makes the serious mistake of not tackling the human rights issue as a priority, it will have to pay the price", warned Christian Democrat deputy-elect and veteran human rights campaigner Augusto Conte Viacdonnell.

Human rights organisations say that between 6,000 and 30,000 people went missing during an armed forces crackdown on the extreme left wing in the late 1970s, the so-called "dirty war" that gave Argentina an appalling human rights image.

Mr. Conte Macdonnell was the only candidate to have campaigned on a strictly human rights ticket in Oct. 30 elections which brought back democracy after

eight years of military rule. The 57-year-old lawyer has become a symbol for relatives of thousands of "desaparecidos" disappeared) who, through him, hope to make their voice heard in

the congress due to convene next

month. Mr. Alfonsin, who will take over from the military on Dec. 10, has pledged to investigate the fate of the disappeared.

But some human rights activists have expressed misgivings at the Radicals' apparent intention to move the issue from the political sphere to the courts.

Mr. Alfonsin has also promised to repeal ""self-amnesty" law passed by the junta for members of the security forces and their civilian collaborators who violated human rights during the ruthless anti-guerrilla campaign.

But lawyers reckon congress will face legal complications in trying to declare the law anticonstitutional or judicially void and say the process could take up to two years.

Mr. Alfonsin's suggestion that courts should consider three degrees of responsibility, punishing hardest the senior officers responsible for ordering torture. is questioned in human rights cir-

A group called "The Mothers of the Plaza de Mayo" say they disagree with the idea. The Madres" were the first to denounce the mass disappearance in 1977 and have demonstrated silently in front of government house every

Four days after the Radicals' landslide victory over their Peronist rivals, the mothers marched around the May Square vowing to continue until they knew the fate of their missing children.

"We intend to keep on with this permanent denunciation no matter who is occupying the Casa Rosada (government house)." said their president. Hebe de

Bonafini. Vir. Conte Macdonnell said that on the first day of congress, he would propose the establishment of a bicameral commission "to investigate the military dictatorship's criminal action" and present an official report.

The commission would be aided in its probe by human rights groups who have started to feed a computer from their files.

"A total of 7,500 cases are known so far following denunciations to judges or human rights groups and more are coming in now that people are beginning to overcome their fear," one lawyer said.

The junta said last May that it had no information on the missing people and that those not living abroad or hiding in Argentina were "considered dead for judicial or administrative purposes." its statement provoked an out-

cry here and abroad and clashed

eased political prisoners who say concentration camps still exist in

Patagonia in the far south. The issue of the disappeared touches a raw nerve in the armed forces and will determine whether Argentina's 28 million inhabitants can regain faith in their rulers, dip-

lomats say. "Human rights, more than the external debt or the economic crisis, is the key question in Argentina today," Mr. Conte Macdonnell told Reuters, "What will happen after Dec. 10 is the test. A new era in political life here depends on a swift and just solution to

that tragedy." Mr. Conte Macdonnell said that in terms of repression nothing in the Western world in the last 40 vears could compare with what

happened in Argentina. Lawyers predict another grim secret of the junta is about to burst into public -- the fate of at least

100 children born in jail. Most of them were believed to have been adopted by military families and a strenuous check of adoption registers seemed the only way to trace them, said law-

yer Christine Roux-Dufour. `The military will be hard pressed to explain why these children disappeared. They could not really qualify as subversives." she

# **LETTERS**

## Keep the healthy sign going

To the Editor:

Whatever people may feel about Randa Habib's column, the rights or wrongs of self-criticism, or the need for flag-waving to bolster one's local image, all must agree that the consequences of

her column are most encouraging.

As a columnist, she is prompting reactions, which sometimes support her statements, or as in the case of her idea for "billboards from Amman to the Q.A. Airport' brought absolute, sound common-sense disagreement. Thank God for nature lovers and environmentalists. In any event, Ms. Habib's column stimulates reaction and comment, which can only be a healthy, rewarding result and a good sign.

My recent recollections of Ms. Habib's remarks about school systems and inflated fees, parentally-dominated children's parties, dirty coffee pots and hostelry prices, competitive dressing at any price, and so on, merely confirm that someone is serving the community to show that Jordan is not uniquely isolated from the

problems of social change.

Dirty coffee pots, inflated prices, car parking problems, bad driving, impudent young men, fatal road accidents, etc., are all synonomous of a society that is subject to the influences of jet age travel, international television "soap" operas, and the internationalisation of residents who choose to be educated, emp-

loyed or entertained outside of the local environment from time to Even the reporting of Royal Tours. International State Occasions, sporting events and natural disasters all serve to influence the TV viewers. Jordan is taking a predominant role at the gateway between East and West and in its location in the corridor

between Europe and the East, it has to cope with wider influences. Let your columnists flourish, even when they regrettably compare their work with that of the skilled and dedicated surgeons. Open your columns to your readers; let them speak out. freely. because even anger expressed in the written word is far less dangerous and is more acceptable than the law breakers and those who will try to impose their will (and their terror) upon society by

force or other illegalities. My own major concern right now would be to hear more discussion about the frightening level of road accidents and fatalities that are recorded in Jordan. I would want to ask questions like: When are the police, as administrators of the law, going to

observe the laws themselves? Don't they know that restriction signs are aimed at them, too? As law enforcement officers, they are not above the law. They should not drive against traffic flow on dual carriageways and in one-way streets; they should not "shoot" red lights; they should not park in "no parking" areas; they should not exceed speed limits - and when they decide to undertake traffic-control duties, could they not don the bright red or yellow garb amongst the jay walkers, that continue to be a terrifying aspect of daily motoring?

If the law officers start to observe the laws, maybe the motorists will begin to follow their "good" example.

Then, what is being done to restrict commercial users? Does a restriction of two persons in the cab of a pick-up truck entitle the driver to carry his family, friends and relatives in the box at the back? A tyre "blow out" can have devastating consequences - as I know from a witnessed event.

Does a manufacturer's stated tonnage limit of say "50 tons" entitle the haulier to transport 100 tons? What happens when the brakes overheat and fail to hold the charging missile?

When I read that poor road surfaces are considered to be a cause of accidents, I am reminded of an American TV series, very long ago, when the presenter said "it isn't the car that kills, it's the driver!" According to Motoring Manuals, the driver is required to drive within the prevailing conditions, which is not only referring to deteriorating weather — it means road surfaces, too.

My wife, an excellent driver, with about 4(N),(N) kilometres

clocked-up, will not drive in Jordan for one simple reason. She has little faith in other road "abusers". So Ms. Habib, and other Jordan Times columnists, keep the comments coming - it's a very healthy occupation.

.J. Brereton, P.O. Box 80. Irbid, Jordan.

# U.S. Democratic contenders getting at each other's throat

By David Nagy

WASHINGTON — Opposition presidential contenders are starting to go for each other's throats despite a drive among Democrats for election year unity against President Reagan and his Rep-

ublicans. polls and election year just five weeks away, ex-astronaut Senator John Glenn of Ohio, joited by a sudden drop in his own opinion poll ratings, is daily attacking Democratic front-runner Walter Mondale in their struggle for the party's 1984 presidential nom-

vir. Mondale, the liberal exvice president, scoffs at Mr. Glenn's "desperation tactics" and his centrist, pro-defence record. Party officials insist this is just typical sparring among the always spirited Democrats and will not

ruin the drive for harmony. "These guys have a lot of philosophical differences. That's the game and we just have to play it."

one Democratic party insider said. Even so, the spectacle of strife among Democrats is most timely for Mr. Reagan, who is widely expected to run again even though he is delaying any formal announcement until December or

The most recent polls have shown a sudden, sharp rise in his ratings, in some cases to their highest point in two years, as the public heeded his call for support after the invasion of Grenada and the bombing of a U.S. Marine post in Lebanon.

He has also moved back ahead of both Mr. Mondale and Glenn in presidential preference polls.

It was precisely out of respect for Mr. Reagan's political skills that Democratic leaders had made party unity and a gentlemanly nomination campaign their top

priorities for 1984. The Glenn-Mondale brawl indicutes that will not be easy.

Mr. Glenn, who had drawn nearly level with the better organised and better financed Mr. Mondale by early autumn, leapt to the attack recently after one good look at the latest polls.

He trailed Mr. Mondale by 48-20 per cent in the ABC-Washington Post survey, by 40-31 in the Harris and 37-26 in the Gal-

Black rights leader Jesse Jac-

kson and ex-senator George McCiovern are duelling for third in the range of 7-10 per cent. These findings stirred some gal-

lows humour at Mr. Glenn headquarters. One in-house joke ran: "It's a two-way race - Mondale is one Glenn campaign aide who pple the winner.

rushing forward and we are rushing backward."

Some blamed all this on the recent string of major end- hing," orsements and party straw-vote

Others felt Mr. Glenn blundered in an earlier row with Mr. Mondale, when he answered attacks on his own votes for Mr. Reagan's tax-cut and defence-buildup grammes and promise anything to programmes by deriding the economic policies of Mr. Mondale's

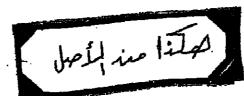
"The attack on Carter turned

old boss, ex-president Jimmy Car-

disagrees with the new attack strategy. "It seriously hurt his image as a statesmanlike candidate who publicity Mr. Mondale got from a is above the usual political gut fig-

Nonetheless, the senator has shifted from stressing his own putriotic image as a space hero to calling Mondale an outdated liberal who would weaken U.S. defences, spend vast sums on social pro-

With Mr. Mondale responding in kind to Glenn's attacks, some party regulars fear the two may be embarked on a campaign that Glenn's hato down 50 watts," said could embitter both sides and cri-



# Activities of Zionist groups in U.S. become subject of law suits

By Grace Halseli .

WASHINGTON - American Jews as well as many American non-lews annually give an estimated three-quarters of a billion tax-deductible dollars to the government of Israel. But Americans by law are not permitted to send tax-deductible dollars to any other foreign country. Is it legal, then, in the case of Israel?

No, it is not legal, and Palestinians, Americans and Israelis are harmed by the process, say plaintiffs in a lawsuit recently filed in a U.S. District Court in Washington, D.C.

In a press conference following the filing of the lawsuit, Mark Lane and Linda Huber, lawyers for the plaintiffs, pointed out that to qualify for tax-exempt status an organisation should be religious, educational or charitable.

Dollars sent to Israel are claimed improperly as taxdeductible, they said, since the U.S.-based Zionist organisations receiving the dollars are not religious, educational or charitable groups, "but rather are political conduits of a foreign nation."

Due to the "special relationship" between the leaders of Israel and the United States, the U.S. government has in the case of the Zionist conduits, "overlooked the continued violations of federal law which permits tax-exempt status only for religious, charitable or educational groups." the attomeys said.

The suit, filed against Treasury Secretary Donald T. Regan and Internal Revenue Service Commissioner Roscoe L. Egger Jr., asks that Zionist organisations, including the Jewish National Fund, the United Jewish Appeal

and the American Section of the Nations Relief and Works Agency World Zionist Organisation (WZO), be stripped of taxexempt status because they are engaging in activities that contravene the public policy and interests of the United States."

"The American treasury is being deprived of revenues needed for domestic programmes." attorneys for the plaintiff said. adding that "the unlawfully claimed tax-deductible contributions are used to support the confiscation of Palestinian land on the West Bank for the building of exclusively Jewish settlements, a policy President Reagan has declared to be an obstacle to peace in the Middle East."

The 14 plaintiffs and their reason for filing suit include:

Plaintiff Kareem Khalaf, who was voted into office as mayor in April 1976 by the citizens of Ramaliah in a legally established general election under supervision Mr. Khalaf suffered severe injuries and the loss of a leg in an

attempted car bomb assassination. The Israeli occupying forces dismissed him as mayor. Though they never charged him with any crime. the israelis have forced him to live, in exile, and under town arrest, in Jericho.

brings court action "as the duly elected mayor of Ramaliah, the highest elected official of the municipality, on behalf of himself and his constituents who have suffered the lose of land and water due to the oppressive actions of the occupying forces supported by contributions made to U.S.-based (Zionist) organisations."

missioner general of the United

for Palestinian refugees (UNRWA) from 1959 to 1964, and in this position was the chief executive officer of the United Nations responsible for providing housing, health services, employment opportunities and educational programmes for hun-dreds of thousands of Palestinian refugees residing in Lebanon, Syria, the Gaza Strip and Jordan, then including the West Bank. Also, Dr. Davis was founder and

chairman of the board for the

American Near East Refugee Aid

(ANERA) and presently serves as chairman of the Board Emeritus. As grievance, the suit holds that Dr. Davis has labored for the past 15 years in the private sector through ANERA and in concert with other organisations and individuals "to create employment opportunities on the West Bank for Palestinians through economic development of the area, as well as of Israeli occupying forces. Later, to provide educational opportunities and vocational training for young people residing on the

West Bank.

The suit states that these educational and charitable efforts made by this plaintiff, "which have comprised a substantial portion of his life's work, have been undermined and to a large extent The lawsuit says Mayor Khalaf nullified" as a result of the taxexempt American dollars now flowing into Israel. The funds, the suit says, are used "to support policies which deny employment opportunities, educational opportunities and vocational training to residents of the West Bank due to their religion and national ori-

gin." The suit further states that pla-Plaintiff John W. Davis, an intiff Davis is obligated to pay inc-American citizen, served as com- reased income taxes over and above the amount he would oth-

erwise pay because so many taxdeductible dollars flow to Israel his tax base is increased, to offset the drainage from the U.S. Tre-

Plaintiff Bassam Shaka'a, was elected mayor in April 1976 by the Palestinians of Nablus in a legally established general election held under Israeli military supervision. In a car-bomb attempt to assassinate him, Mayor Shaka'a lost both of his legs. He became even more of a hero to his people. Without charging him with any crime, the Israelis dismissed him as mayor and forced him to live under town arrest.

Mayor Shaka'a brings court action on behalf of himself and his constituents" who have suffered the loss of land and water due to the oppressive actions of the occupying forces supported by contributions made to U.S.-based (Zionist) organisations."

Plaintiff Edward L. Keenan, a linguistics professor at the University of California at Los Angeles (UCLA) shared his time from 1976 through 1981 equally between UCLA and the University of Tel Aviv in Israel, Also, Professor Keenan has worked as an interpreter for the U.S. Department of State and has been employed by the Internal Revenue Service. He serves as president of the Committee in Solidarity with the People of Palestine (CSPP), an independent UCLA campus organisation formed to educate the American people of "the injustices done to the Palestinian neople and the role the United States has assumed in supporting those injustices."

The suit points out that the CSPP has not filed for recognition as a tax-exempt organisation since it seeks to influence legislation

and public opinion, as do the U.S.-based Zionist organisations. and that it seeks to work not merely in a charitable and educational framework, "but to function politically as well, as do the organisations named herein, and is therefore not entitled to recognition as a tax-exempt organisation, as is the case with the (Zionist) organisations."

Plaintiff Ahmed Mustafa Sbeih. is Mukhtar of the village of Aqraba on the West Bank and representative of families whose ancestors have been cultivating land in that Palestinian village for many hundreds of years. These families hold their land privately and through land titles from the time the Ottoman empire governed the area. These titles have been recognised and respected by each of the succeeding governments authorities confiscated ten acres which governed Palestine.

In May 1972, the lawsuit holds. the Israeli authorities seized 3,000 dunums of land upon which wheat, almost ready for harvest. was being grown. Defoliants were sprayed from helicopters operated by the Israeli authorities for the purpose of destroying the wheat. Subsequently, these lands were acquired by the Jewish National Fund and used for the development of the exclusively Jewish settlement of Gitit. To this day. the Jewish National Fund maintains the land formerly owned by the Palestinian residents of Agraba for the exclusive use of the Jewish residents of the settlement of Gitit, and denied to the residents of Agraba access to and use of their ancestral agricultural land.

"Altogether, some 80,000 dunums of land belonging to the families of Aqraba have been seized by the Israeli authorities for acquisition by the Jewish National

Fund." The suit holds that "contributions, for which charitable deductions have been claimed by U.S. donors, raised by American conduit organisations in the United States, particularly the Jewish National Fund, have been utilised to deprive the residents of Agraba of their land and consequently of their means of sustaining life."

Plaintiff Subhi Widdi. a resident of Brooklyn, New York, is a naturalised citizen of the United States and a native of Palestine from the village of Bet Hanina, near occupied Jerusalem. He owns land in Bet Hanina which has been in his family for at least 300 years. with title recognised by the various governments that have governed Palestine through the years.

In 1970, after Widdi had become an American citizen. Israeli of the land "over his objection and objection of his family. It is now occupied by the exclusively Jewish settlement of Ramot, one of many established by the Israeli government on the West Bank, to the continued exclusion of plaintiff Widdi and his family."

The suit points out that because of the proximity of plaintiff Widdi's land to Jerusalem, "it is worth approximately \$100,000 per acre. The Israeli authorities have offered \$16 per acre as compensation, but have not paid even that amount to the plaintiff or members of his family." The suit stresses that the seizure of Widdi's land for the establishment of exclusively Jewish settlements was "substantially supported by funds raised through contributions, for which charitable deductions have been claimed by U.S. donors."

Another plaintiff. Ibrahim Tawil, was elected mayor in April 1976 by the citizens of the West

REST.

car-bomb attempt to assassinate contributions which are deducted him failed, the Israeli occupying by such donors for U.S. income forces dismissed him as tax purposes "and transfer the mayor.

Moreover, the suit holds. Mayor Tawil and many other Al loss of their land and the diversion of water as a result of Israeli actions, "supported in substantial part by contributions, for which charitable deductions have been claimed."

The lawsuit states that the WZO's American Section, with its principal place of business in New York City, is a component and agent of the WZO based in occupied Jerusalem. "The WZO. founded in 1897, has as its stated objective the establishment and development of the State of Israel in Palestine. Also known as the Jewish Agency (JA), from 1922 until 1948, the WZO/JA acted as the political organisation and governing body of the Jewish community in Palestine."

After the creation of Israel in 1948, "Israel enacted laws and covenants establishing the elopment of exclusively Jewish WZO JA as a component of the settlements on the (occupied) government of the State of Israel. with particular responsibility for the development and settlement of the country, the encouragement of Jewish immigration to Israel. and the absorption of Jewish immigrants. The World Zionist Organisation continues to fulfil this governmental function to this date, and is particularly active in planning and implementing the seizure and occupation of Palestinian Arab-owned land in the West Bank under military occupation of Israel, for the development of exclusively Jewish settlements."

The suit holds that the WZO

Bank town of Al Bireh. After a collects from American donors funds in conduit fashion to its Isr-

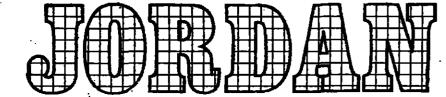
aeli counterpart." The United Jewish Appeal Inc., Bireh residents have suffered the with offices in New York City, "is the major Jewish fund-raising organisation in the United States. Contributions solicited and received by it, which are deducted by U.S. donors, are transferred to the United Israel Appeal Inc., and thence in conduit fashion to the

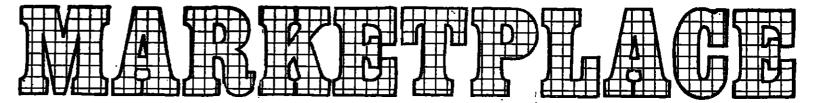
WZO and activities." The Jewish National Fund (JNE), with offices in New York City, also is the exclusive fundraising agency of the WZO for the 'reclamation' and development of the land of Israel and territories under military occupation by Isr-

"The JNF acquires land (through confiscation or otherwise) from the Palestinian Arab residents of Israel and the occupation and use of Israeli Jews." the lawsuit states. "The JNE is actively involved in preparation and dev-West Bank on land confiscated from the Palestinian inhabitants."

In the press conference following the filing of the swuit. one of the plaintiffs attorneys. Mark Lane, told reporters: "This action for me is an unusual move. I came from a religious Jewish family in Brooklyn. There is not a single Zionist organisation we have targeted to which my family has not contributed.

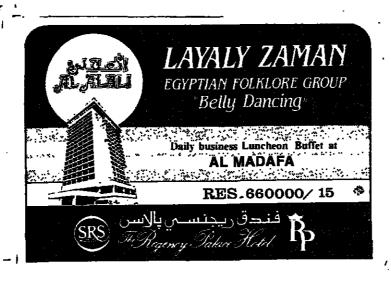
We are hopeful that the system will not be too polluted by the Zionist influence and that this case will be heard — and decide on by its merits?". - Arab News, Jed-

















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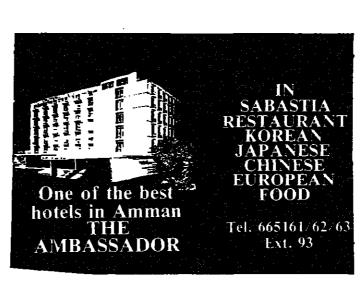
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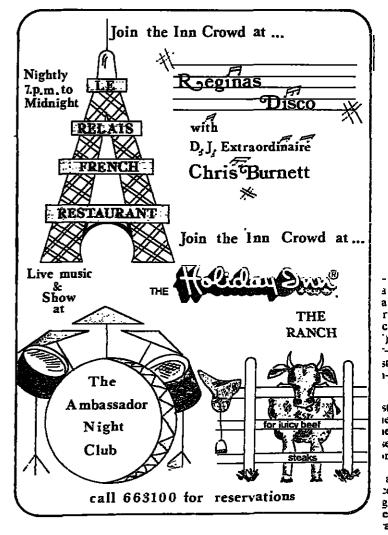
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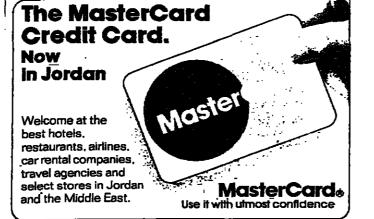
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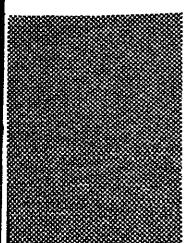
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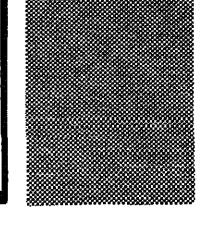
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#### Jordanian NOC to meet before Dec. 15

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Jordanian National Olympic Committee (JNOC) told the Jordanian daily Al Ra'i that JNOC board of directors will meet before Dec. 15 to discuss which individual games Jordan is going to participate in at the Los Angeles Olympic Games. Jordan has failed to qualify for any team games.

The Jordanian delegation to the games is expected to comprise of about 55 members, and actual participation in the games will be confined to one or two contenders in athletics, swimming, cycling, wre-stling, boxing, archery and probably gymnastics and weightlifting.

The committee will soon issue instructions to all sports' federations to hold their qualification contests for selecting athletes to go to Los Angeles, Al Ra'i said.

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# Lendl beats Cash, revises view Jahangir firm favourite

aight after Christmas.

'I always thought that I should

back Australia but after what I've

seen today I don't know." said

him into the quarter-finals.

Lendl, whose win over Cash put

MELBOURNE (R) — Ivan Lendi, Czechoslovakia's top men's seed, revised his view of Australia's prospects of winning the Davis Cup tennis final later this month after crushing 18-year-old Victorian Pat Cash in the Australian Open Championships on

Cash. Australia's outstanding oung prospect, managed to take only one more game off Lendl than he did a Wimbledon in June. going down 7-6. 6-3. 6-3 in a fourth-round match.

Generally it was a bad day for Australia with John Fitzgerald. Paul McNamee and Mark Edmondson, the 1976 Australian Open champion, also losing. They were defeats that can have done little for Australia's morale before the Davis Cup final against Swe-

Arrival

4.00 p.m.

4.00 p.m.

second seed, and third-seeded Swede Mats Wilander also reached the last eight. McEnroe beat compatriot Tim Gullikson 6-3. 6-2. 6-2 on an outside court and Wilander put out McNamee 6-4.

Johan Kriek, the former South African who is now an American citizen, stayed on course to win the title for the third year in a row by beating Britain's John Lloyd 6-3. 6-3. 7-6 to take his place in the

quarter-finals. Martina Navraulova showed no sign of faltering in her bid to regain the women's title as she swamped South Africa's Rosalyn Fairbank 6-2, 6-2 and now faces a quarter-final meeting with Britain's Jo Durie who beat Alycia Moulton of the United States 6-1,

Wilander said after beating McNamee that he thought he had



THE

although he admitted he was helped by the Australian's reluctance to attack at the net.

Wilander said he was confused by McNamee's tactics at the start but happy that the match was played from the back of the court. "I think we showed today that it is den which will be played here strpossible to play a clay-court game on grass." Wilander said.

played as well as he could on grass

Wally Masur. 20, provided the one bright spot for Australia as he beat eight-seeded Swede Anders Jarryd 6-3, 6-3, 4-6, 6-1, Ironically, Masur is not in the Aus-John McEnroe, the American tralian Davis Cup squad.

> Masur now plays McEnroe in the quarter-finals.

#### Mandlikova goes bome

Czech tennis star Hana Mandlikova will return home immediately, after a pulled groin muscle forced her to withdraw from the Australian Open.

Fournament organisers said they were notified formally on Monday that Mandlikova would withdraw from the women's doubles championship, held at Kooying, in which she was paired with fellow Czech Helena Sukova.

#### 4 weightlifting records broken

LANGBATHSEE, Austria (R) · Bulgaria's 16-year-old weightlifting prodigy Naim Suleimanov set three world records in the bantamweight category sup to 56 kg) at a tournament here at the

He snatched 130.5 kg, beating his own record set in October by 0.5 kg, jerked 165.5 kg and had a total of 295 kg in the combined. bettering the records of 160 kg and 292.5 kg set by Oksen Mirzoyan of the Soviet Union at this year's World Championships in

Another Bulgarian. Zdravko Stoitschkov, jerked 210,5 kg in the middleweight (up to 75 kg) dass, beating by 0.5 kg the world record held by compatriot. World Champion Alexander Varbanov.

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#### on Australian Davis Cup hopes in World Open Squash final final. Geoff Hunt. former world game, the gap between Jahangir MUNICH, West Germany (R) -

Jahangir Khan, the 19-year-old Pakistani who has forgotten what defeat is like, stands poised to win his third successive World Open Squash title here on Tuesday.

Jahangir, unbeaten since April 1981, faces Australian Chris Dittmar, another 19-year-old and the giant-killer of this year's tournament.

But though Dittmar, ranked 13th in the world; has already knocked out three higher-ranked players, he freely admits he has no realistic chance against the brilliant Jahangir.

"Obviously Jahangir is in a different class to the rest of us," Ditımar said. "The main thing for me is to avoid humiliation. It would be great for me to win a game or

The fear of humiliation is real enough after Jahangir's 9-0, 9-1. 9-0 annihilation of world number five Gamal Awad of Egypt in 33 minutes in Sunday's semifinal.

Jahangir's mastery of every aspect of the game had the world's leading squash players shaking their heads in dismay. It confirmed their fears that, despite the emergence of a number of outstanding young talents in the

and the rest is widening rather than closing.

In his five matches in this tournament Juhangir has not dropped a game and lost only 30 points.

Dittmar, who was not even expected to make the quarter-finals. beat world number four Hiddy Jahan of Britain, 11th-ranked Magsood Ahmed of Pakistan and New Zealander Stuart Davenport. sixth in the world, to get this far.

He is the third Australian to face Jahangir in a World Open

champion and the last man to beat Jahangir, lost to him in the 1981 final in Canada.

Dean Williams, who is coaching Dittmar for Tuesday's match, lost in England last year.

fuesday's match will be the first final between two teenagers, and the fact that another young player

— 21-year-old Davenport — also reached the semifinals seems to have overturned the traditional theory that squash players peak in their early 30s.

#### Wales to play Yugoslavia in European Soccer Championship

CARDIFF (R) - Leighton James, who has missed eight international games since gaining his 54th cap against England last February, has been recalled by Wales for the vital European Soccer Championship match against Yugoslavia here on Dec. 14.

The 30-year-old winger's recent form for English club Sunderland has earned him the chance to help Wales become the only British side to win a place in the finals in France next year.

Watford's Kenny Jackett is also back in the 16-strong squad after recovering from an injury which forced him to miss last month's 1-0 group four defeat in Bulgaria.

Wales head the group by one point from Yugoslavia but complete their programme of matches against their visitors on Dec. 14. Yug-oslavia finish with a home match against Bulgaria.

#### World Cup draw to be made wednesday

ZURICH (R) -- Performances in the 1982 World Cup and the current European Championship will decide the seedings of the qualifying groups for the 1986 World Cup finals, a European Football Union (UEFA) source said on vionday.

The qualifying draw will be made here on Wednesday and European members of the 1986 World Cup Organising Committee were meeting here to dis-cuss plans for the European gro-

The 11 European members will submit their proposals to the 23-man World Cup Organising Committee which meets on Tuesday under the chairmanship of FIFA Vice-President Hermann

Neuberger. Reigning World Champions Italy qualify automatically for the 1986 finals in Mexico, leaving the other 32 European entrants to vie for the remaining 13 places allotted to Europe.

They are likely to be drawn in seven qualifying groups, with the countries split into five seeding categories — strongest, secondstrongest. medium, weak, weakest. Seedings would be based on performances in the qualifying rounds and finals of the 1982 World Cup in Spain and the current European Championship, the

# Larry Holmes is boxing's angry man

NEW YORK (R) -- He has ban- million. ked millions of dollars, surrounded his family with many of wealth's trappings, shows no effects of 45 professional fights and has finally earned respect as an

outstanding champion. But at the age of 34, World Boxing Council (WBC) heavyweight champion Larry Holmes has become an angry man, at war with the sport's administrators whom he feels have done him wrong. Denying a report of his imp-

dending retirement. Holmes says he plans to fight World Boxing Association (WBA) heavyweight Champion Gerrie Coetzee of South Africa in a unification bout. But Holmes is committed to defend his title against top-ranked

contender Greg Page - if he ref-uses, the WBC has said it will strip him of his title. That threat, however, may not

deter Holmes from meeting Coezee in South Africa in a bout that could earn him as much as \$25

available.

Holmes, who has openly condemned black boxers for fighting in South Africa in the past, intimated a change of mind when he said: "For S100m, I would fight Coetzee in his own house."

"But first I would want to make sure we would all give something back to the people. I don't trust them the South African government), but I would do it," he added.

Cedric Kushner, a South African who lives in New York and has promotional ties with Coetzee, has said he planned to try to arrange a Holmes-Coetzee clash. though not necessarily in South Africa.

But two days ago Kushner said Holmes' insistence on a \$100m purse was 'totally unrealistic' and that he and promoter Don King would not consider Holmes as an opponent for Coetzee until after

"Holmes doesn't figure in the

picture anymore," Kushner told Reuters. "I'm not in the business of trying to make him rich."

But Richard Lovell, a spokesman for Holmes, said he was convinced the fight would go ahead and added: "We've already received an offer from South Afr-

ica, offering Larry \$100m." Stripping Holmes of the WBC title is not likely to have any bearing on the fight, since the boxing public is certain to regard the winner as the undisputed heavyweight

champion of the world. It would also serve to strengthen the stature of the newlyformed International Boxing Federation — which would probably sanction the bout - and which many observers believe will ultimately gain credence as the

sport's major governing body. Holmes' change of heart about fighting in South Africa may be due to his trainer Eddie Futch. who has travelled to the republic

with several fighters. "I think a black fighter can accomplish something by fighting in South Africa," said Futch, "But if vou even consider it. you're thought of as a traitor.

Holmes feels the WBC betrayed him by refusing to sanction his fight with Marvis Frazier two weeks ago. "I've been their champion for 51/2 years and they treat me like dirt." he said. "But I don't need the WBC or the WBA. The people know who the real heavyweight champion is - Larry Holmes.

Before the Frazier fight. Holmes accused King of withholding \$15m of his purse money in recent vears.

"I made \$55m, but only got about 40 because of Don King," he said.

Much of Holmes' bitterness stems from what he feels has been grudging, and belated, recognition by the boxing establishment and

"I don't know what I have to do," he said after stopping Frazier in the first round of their non-title bout. "They say I keep ducking people, but I've fought everyone. Holmes had vowed earlier this

year to retire by Christmas. But now, describing himself as 'a young 34 he has refused to say whether the Coetzee fight will be his last.

Though he lacks boxing skills. many ring observers believe Coetzee would have a chance against Holmes because of his punching

Yet Holmes has had more difficulty with boxers, such as Ken Norton and Tim Witherspoon, than with punchers. For one thing, like Muhammad Ali. Holmes has demonstrated that perhaps his most notable attribute is his ability to take a punch.

Some observers believe Holmes will not retire until he is convinced he has been recognised as a great not merely an outstanding champion. But such recognition may never come.

# -TIME-

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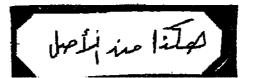
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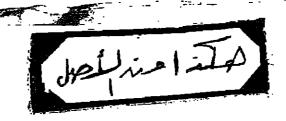
Jordan Electricity Authority announces the availability of tender documents for tender No. 41/83 for the supply of twenty package substations.

One set of tender documents can be collected from the JEA main building between the 6th and the 7th Circles - Jabal Amman - against a non-refundable payment of JD 15 for one copy of tender documents.

JEA is prepared to send tender documents to contractors outside Jordan by airmail against the payment of the due fees as shown above.

The last date for receiving offers on this tender will be at 12.00 noon Saturday 14th January 1984. They should be submitted to the secretary of the tendering committee at the above address, offers should be accompanied by a bid bonds equal to five per cent of the <u>tender price.</u>





# Iran repeats demand for \$5 oil price raise

TEHRAN (R) — Iranian Oil Minister Mohammad Gharazi Monday reaffirmed that Iran's priority at this week's OPEC meeting in Geneva was to secure a \$5 increase in the group's benchmark oil price to

Tehran radio quoted Mr. Gharazi as making the statement just before leaving for Geneva to take part in the OPEC (Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries) conference, which begins on Wed-

"Our first and foremost issue at the OPEC conference is to object to the base price of \$29 and to restore it to the previous \$34," itquoted him as saying.

Iran wants to reverse the unprecedented \$5 a barrel price cut which OPEC agreed in March this year as part of a plan to counter a glut of oil on world markets. Mr. Gharazi told a news conference on Saturday that if OPEC kept to its agreed outpout ceiling of 17.5 million barrels per day (b/d) the international market would bear the price rise Iran was recommending.

#### Disunity could lower prices

Meanwhile, any lack of resolve or unity among OPEC oil ministers could depress demand for OPEC oil and threaten another drop in oil prices, the Middle East Economic Survey (MEES) said Monday. The Nicosia-based oil and finance newsletter said world oil market operators would obviously base their short-term price expectation on

what happens at the Geneva meeting. If OPEC reaffirms its 17.5 million b/d output ceiling and \$29 marker price, buyers would conclude that the price structure was in no danger and that only normal drawing on oil stocks in the first quarter of 1984 was in order.

But any disarray among the 13 oil ministers indicating the possibility of a threat to the price could result in destocking of as much as 3 to 4 million b/d, it said.

This, combined with a mild winter, could push demand for OPEC crude to as low as 16 million b/d, resulting in pressure for lower North Sea oil prices and subsequently for a cut in OPEC tariffs, MEES said.

The newsletter said indications that some OPEC members want higher production quotas were disturbing. Iran, Iraq, Venezuela and Indonesia have all indicated they want bigger quotas, while Nigerian officials say the issue has been discussed in Lagos.

"If renewed haggling over relative market shares between the OPEC members leads to lack of agreement in Geneva, or to a mere lip-service to the status quo that is half-hearted and lacking in credibility, then the outlook could become very ominous indeed," MEES said.

MEES said the weather could be crucial for OPEC, with the difference between a mild and severe winter representing extra oil demand of up to two million b/d.

The possibility of an Iraqi attack on Iran's Kharg island oil export terminal was the other big imponderable overhanging the oil market.

# Firms battle to control Australian brewery

MELBOURNE (R) - Australia's biggest agricultural company. Elders Ixl. Monday joined the battle for control of Carlton and United Breweries (CUB), producer of fosters lager, buying almost 35 million dollars (\$32 million) worth of CUB shares.

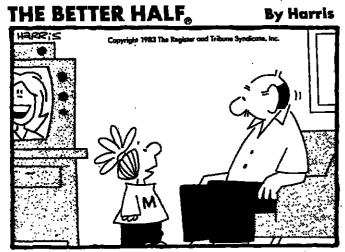
The move by Elders, which is 49 per cent owned by CUB, was aimed at protecting itself from a partial bid for CUB launched by the Sydney-based investment company Industrial Equity on Nov. 30. It takes Elders' holding in CUB to 8.5 per cent.

Elders' valuation of each CUB share at 3.60 dollars makes the company worth about 928 million dollars (S844 million) and compares with the 3.30 dollars offered by Industrial Equity in its initial bid last week.

CUB directors advised shareholders to take no action pending reports from independent valuers.

Elders chairman Sir Ian McLennan said if his company's bid succeeded it would mean the merger of two of Australia's largest and most successful public companies.

Elders' interests include agriculture, food, finance, merchant banking, wool exporting, property, oil and gas, while CUB controls almost 50 per cent of Australian beer sales.



"How come the people who yell "Ring around the collar" never get punched in the mouth?"

Unscramble these four Jumbles

one letter to each square, to forr four ordinary words.

MOVEN

**RABIR** 

GOUTIN

WHOALL

32.73

THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME

0 

THE MINER DIDN'T KNOW WHETHER HE

HAD STRUCKTHIS.

Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

Jumbles: VAPOR ELITE THORAX CIPHER Answer: "Is it going to be a local or a general anesthetic?"—"YOU CAN HAVE ETHER"

## **NEWS IN BRIEF**

#### Kuwaiti fund extends \$32m loans

KUWAIT (OPECNA) — The Kuwait Fund for Arab Economic Development has approved 3 loans worth nearly \$32 million for projects in the Central African Republic, Burundi and South Yemen. The Central African Republic will benefit from a \$5.81 million loan towards a \$48 million road restoration and maintenance project. A \$14.54 million loan has been extended to Burundi to help finance the S81 million Rwegura hydro-electric project scheduled for completion in 1986. The third loan of \$11.63 million goes to South Yemen to finance 32 per cent of a \$36.54 million agricultural development project in Wadi Had-

#### China to establish oil office in Norway

STAVANGER, Norway (R) - The Chinese state oil company plans to set up an office here to follow Norwegian offshore oil activities more closely, the newspaper Stavanger Aftenbald Monday quoted a company official as saying. The official, Deputy Managing Director You Dehua, is leading a Chinese delegation which has visited Statoil, the Norwegian state oil company, for talks about China's own offshore oil exploration.

#### Food rots in Israeli port slowdown

TEL AVIV (R) - Eight hundred tons of rotting food has been destroyed because of a wildcat slowdown by Israeli port workers. a spokesman for the government marketing corporation Agrexco said Monday. The action, which began last week, has cost farmers about half a million dollars in lost revenues, Mr. Haim Keller said. They want a pay increase, new bonuses and guarantees they will not be laid off. Agriculture Minister Pessah Gruper said it would be a disaster if European buyers were forced to turn to Israel's competitors. Israel was resorting to air freight to take its produce to Europe, Finance Minister Yigal Cohen-Orgad said in a radio

#### Rabat plans to cut dependence on oil

RABAT (R) - Morocco plans to import 350,000 to 400,000 tons of coal next year to reduce its dependence on oil. The weekly bulletin of the Moroccan General Economic Confederation said coal imports were expected to reach 250,000 tons by the end of this year, representing a foreign currency saving of 150 million dirhams (\$20 million). It said energy consumption had risen 2.1 per cent in 1979-82 while local output had fallen 24.2 per cent, mainly caused by a drop in hydro-electric output due to 3 successive droughts. Plans are being implemented to switch from fuel oil to coal at power stations and cement plants while a 10 per cent import duty on coal has been abolished. Morocco produced 706,800 tons of anthracite last year.

#### LONDON STOCK MARKET

LONDON (R) — The market closed mixed after a quiet session and at 1500 the F.T. index was up one point at 742.3. Dealers said. Operators were apprehensive following Friday's unexpected large rise in U.S. M1 money supply and on renewed concern over

B.P. featured, losing 24p to 392 after news that an Alaskan well being drilled by its subsidiary, Standard Oil of Ohio, is probably waterbearing. Other oils were mostly easier.

Government bonds fell as much as % point in reaction to the lower trend in U.S. credit markets. Monday's U.K. producer prices had little impact, dealers added. In mixed insurances Eagle Star fluctuated narrowly to close 2p

lower at 697 after Allianz Versicherungs A.G. announced it is seeking a meeting with Eagle Star with a view to making an increased offer for the company. Gold shares gave up early gains as the bullion price fell back

Bowater rose 3p to 242. GEC was 2p higher at 194 but IC1 lost 6p to 644 and Glaxo fell 7p to 753. ICI declined 5p to 51 after adverse press comment over the

#### U.K., France clash at summit ATHENS (R) — Britain and France clashed Montroversial plans to curb heavy farm 5,000, staged a noisy but non-

day over the division of the European Community's (E.C's) near-exhausted cash at a summit conference which heard West German Chancellor Helmut Kohl say the group was at a critical crossroads.

A West German spokesman by the French president who pro-tid the 10 leaders were going posed that Britain be given a budsaid the 10 leaders were going round in circles as they tried to work out a complex package of reforms essential to ensure the survival of their 25-year-old bloc. Fundamental differences rem-

ain on every major issue," the spokesman said as the leaders broke off for lunch with their host, Greek Prime Minister Andreas Papandreou.

A French spokesman, who ear-lier accused British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher of rigidity in her search for a solution to British budget overpayments, said Monday French President Francois Mitterrand found the British position in breach of the community's founding Treaty of

get refund for 1 or 2 years. Irish Prime Minister Garret Fitzgerald later told Reuters: "I cannot see how we can reconcile the position of Mrs. Thatcher with that of Mr. Mitterrand at the moment.'

Britain is insisting on a once-and-for-all solution that would prevent future wrangling over budget payments and compensate it for an imbalance in favour of larger farming communities.

The British spokesman said Mr. Mitterrand's proposal showed he was not treating the subject seriously.

The dispute over the British budget was the most serious of a string of policy differences on A British spokesman described every major issue under disas extraordinary an intervention cussion, including highly conspending that has pushed the community towards bankruptcy. Delegates said Mr. Mitterrand had argued that he could not accept British proposals that breach

the community's founding Rome treaty. He would therefore favour a temporary settlement to give Britain short term compensation for overpayments. The German spokesman said that Mr. Kohl. who agrees with Mrs. Thatcher on the need for

strict control of community spe-nding, had nonetheless argued that the community cannot exist if it cannot be financed. After Sunday's fruitless discussions on ways of curbing farm expenditure, delegates said no one

in Monday's talks appeared ready to give way on any of the cherished national positions. The Greek presidency is expected to present compromise pro-

posals on the two thorniest subjects, farm reform and budgetary control and payments.

violent demonstration near the conference centre Monday morning to protest against any cuts in community farm spending, especially on Mediterranean pro-

The Italian contingent of about 1.500 protesters was drawn from the country's two major farm unions. Confagricoltura and Coltivatori Diretti, which are worried about the impact of possible common agricultural policy economy measures on wine, olive oil and other sectors.

Earlier, a few dozen Irish farmers held a separate demonstration, mainly on commission proposals to penalise the overproduction of milk.

The leaders held a series of bilateral talks Sunday night and Monday morning to try to narrow wide differences and their spokesmen made optimistic statements about a possible convergence of views.

A crowd of banner-waving. But delegates at the talks said whistle-blowing Italian and Greek no package deal was ripe that farmers, estimated by police at would satisfy all member-states.

# Lebanese pound sinks to all-time low

BEIRUT(R) — The Lebanese pound sank to an all-time low Monday on uneasiness over the increasing U.S. involvement in Lebanon as well as the overall strength of the dollar or world foreign exchanges, dealers said.

"Monday's decline was especially due to Sunday's direct American involvement in the war," said Mr. Habib Haddad, chief dealer at Bank Almashrek SAL, referring to the air raids by U.S. jets against Syrian air defences.

The Lebanese pound closed at 5.37 to the dollar down from Saturday's close of 5.31.

Dealers generally reckon the previous record low against the dollar was 5.34 in June 21 last year, shortly after Israel's invasion of Lebanon.

Another factor is that workers and companies have stopped bringing dollars into Lebanon, said Mr. Haddad.

There's not a dime coming in from anywhere." he said. Despite nine years of violence there has usually been a steady flow of workers' remittances to help the pound, which is also backed by hefty gold reserves held by the central bank.

After Israel lifted its siege of Beirut, the Lebanese currency strengthened to 3.75 by the end of last year but since then the continuing violence has steadily pushed it downwards.

#### LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on n foreign exchange and

One sterling	1.4527'37
One U.S. dollar	1.2450/53
	2.7275/85
	3.0530/40
	2.1788/98
	55.36/40
	8.2920/50
	1649.50/1650.50
	234.17'27
	8,0030/60
	7.5470/5500

9.8550/80 One ounce of gold 402.25/402.75

Canadian dollars West German marks Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs

U.S. dollars

Japanese yen Swedish crowns Danish crowns

YOU'D HAVE TO ATTACK

OUR PREY DO YOU THINK

YOU COULD DO THAT?

French francs Italian lire Norwegian crowns

# U.S. dollars

# NO, KICKING A CAN OF DOG FOOD ISN'T QUITE THE SAME

# Mutt 'n' Jeff

**Peanuts** 

YOU'RE LUCKY YOU'RE

NOT A WILD ANIMAL.





IF YOU WERE, YOU'D

HAVE TO HUNT FOR

YOUR SUPPER





# Andy Capp







## Experts say U.S. banking system sound WASHINGTON (R) - Despite nationally-chartered banks which

far this year, industry experts and government officials insist that the American banking system is basically healthy. An international debt crisis and

heavy losses on energy loans threaten some U.S. banks, and many 'problem" banks are under special supervision by regulatory off-

In a series of recent interviews. however, officials at the Federal Reserve Board (Central Bank). the Treasury Department and regulatory agencies joined bankers in dismissing the notion that the high failure rate or problems with foreign and energy loans were warning signals of a financial

"We think the industry is fundamentally healthy." said comptroller of the currency Mr. C. Todd Conover, whose treasury department agency supervises the long recession.

the collapse of 43 U.S. banks so make up about one third of the country's 14,500 banks.

Mr. Conover has predicted that the number of bank failures this vear will rise to more than 50 by the end of December, but he remained optimistic about the future of the industry.

"While the 42 failures in 1982 and the 43 so far this year are up significantly from previous years. we are still only talking about 43 banks out of 14.5(0)," he said.

The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), a separate agency that insures deposits up to 100,000 at nearly all of the nation's banks, has about 600 banks on its so-called problem list for extra supervision.

But both officials and private bankers said the relatively high number of failures and problem banks was a temporary phenomenon reflecting the effects of

period 21 The act of

23 Signal

27 Jeans

29 Infidel

30 African

region

32 Discharge

from the

military,

33 January: Sp.

34 Contributor

37 Fathered

Biblical land

bronze

poet

Arrow

Antiquated

25 Intended

material 28 Heath

## **HOROSCOPE** not received

#### THE Daily Crossword by Barbara J. Weakley 12 "It's — to **ACROSS** 35 Periods 52 Handout 1 Class tell a lie" 13 Pre-Easter of time 53 Directing

principle 57 Scandina

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62 Egyptian

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67 Pittsburgt

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69 Dickens

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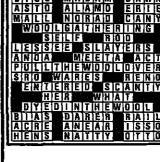
61 King of

64 Net 65 Ballet

36 Opera by 6 Door Gounod 38 Gauzy 10 Authentic 14 Lend -materia 39 Dress (listen) 15 Above stone 40 Gandhi's 16 Latin being

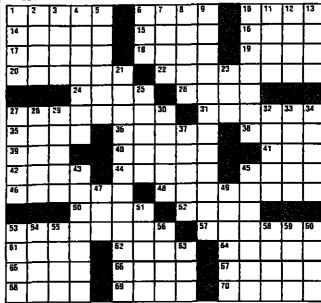
17 Bart or Brenda 41 Crew 18 Jade members 19 Conduit 42 "- do any-20 Alveolus 22 Mark down thing...' 44 Begin 24 Particle

45 Matador's 26 Vendetta 27 Gets off at 46 Lunatic 48 Fellowman the airport 31 Hada 50 Certain craving for



DOWN 45 Upon that Spanish house 49 Sleek 2 Against Cauterize 4 Ankle bones 53 English 5 Corrigenda 54 — podriđa 55 Secular Gluttonous 8 Fine line 9 The act of 58 Perished

poison 60 Compartment 63 The sun



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# Social Democrat sweeps to election victory in Venezuela

CARACAS (R) — Opposition candidate Jaime Lusinchi, a Social Democrat, swept to victory in presidential elections Monday with what looked like one of the biggest margins in Venezuela's history.

Mr. Lusinchi, 59, of the Accion Democratica Party, claimed the presidency on the strength of uno-fficial computer projections putting at between 13 and 20 per cent his lead over Rafael Caldera of the ruling Christian Democratic Copei Party.

These projections suggest Mr. Lusinchi would have the biggest winning marin recorded in any of the six presidential elections held since democracy was firmly established in Venezuela in 1958.

Mr. Caldera, a 67-year old for-mer president, admitted defeat when the first official results announced still covered only 1,000 votes. "I do not want to delay his

triumph any further," he said. All projections showed the candidates of the left trailing far beh-ind the two main candidates.

The election took place against a background of recession and financial problems brought about by a slump in oil earnings. Venezuela is trying to reschedule up to \$18 billion of its \$34 billion foreign debt and earlier this year devalued the Bolivar by 66 per cent.

Both Mr. Lusinchi and Mr. Caldera had promised to stimulate the economy without yielding to pressure for austerity from foreign

Former President Carlos Andrews Perez, a close political ally of Mr. Lusinchi, said his victory reflected the nation's need for cha-

tougher demands of Congress

because Mr. Reagan will never

- for the short term - on the

ultimate goal of a comprehensive

The movement will leave its

Congress has the power of the

which many feel is harder to ver-

purse and we want them to put

their money where their mouth is," said Randall Kehler, national

But the meeting adopted a res-

olution designed as a bridge bet-

ween the American and European

anti-nuclear movements urging a

world-wide freeze and the wit-

hdrawal of all nuclear missiles

The resolution was adopted at

the request of British anti-nuclear

activist Mary Kaldor, who rec-

ify, for a later struggle.

freeze coordinator.

from foreign territory.

go on any longer," he told rep-

With Mr. Lusinchi's victory, Accion Democratica sweeps back to power for the fourth time in 25 years of democracy. The result was celebrated with fireworks throughout the country.

Mr. Caldera, who ruled from 1969 to 1974, was making his fifth bid for the presidency and trying to become the first Venezuelan to get a second five-year mandate. Political sources said his defeat cast doubts over his political fut-

Man with mission

Venezuela's new president, Jaime Lusinchi, is a man who sees himself with a mission to put the country back on its feet after years of economic gloom.

"The economic crisis could not problems and I am absolutely convinced we will renegotiate the foreign debt on favourable conditions." he told reporters rec-

> His victory in Sunday's polls, at his first attempt, makes him the fourth president from the ranks of the Accion Democratica Party to lead Venezuela.

It also marks a peak in a personal political journey which once sent him into exile for six years during the dictatorship of Marcos Perez Jimenez.

Unassuming and reserved, Mr. Lusinchi, 59, has nevertheless acquired an image as a man of the people during 40 years in the

A paediatrician born in the small eastern Venezuelan town of Clarines, he was one of the founders of Accion Democratica and has occupied most of the key party posts during his long political car-

# U.S. freeze movement turns more pragmatic

GOREN BRIDGE

ST:LOUIS, Missouri (R) — The on influencing elections, to make American nuclear freeze movement has adopted a short-term political strategy for 1984 that is support the freeze, and to back off more specific and pragmatic than

its earlier plans.

More than 5(ii) delegates agreed at the close of the fourth annual production of all nuclear weapons. conference of the national nuclear weapons freeze campaign to set up- push for a freeze on production, a committee to work for profreeze candidates in next year's national elections.

They also demanded that Congress should cut funding for nuclear weapons testing and deployment, breaking with their past call for Congress to pass a nonbinding resolution asking President Reagan to negotiate a freeze with the Soviet Union.

The freeze movement devised its latest strategy because many of its members felt the campaign was increasingly being viewed as qui-

The new pragmatism was demonstrated by the decisions to focus eived a standing ovation.

BY CHARLES GOREN

South you hold:

2 NT Pass ?

ding again.

South you hold:

2 NT Pass ?

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Q.1—Neither vulnerable, as

**♦AJ1054** ♥K85 **♦Q9 ♦Q86** 

The bidding has proceeded:

North East South West

Pass Pass 1 ♦ Pass

What action do you take?

A.-Since partner is a pass-

ed hand, his jump in no

trump cannot show more

than 11-12 points. You have a

dead minimum opener, which

is balanced to boot. Pass.

There is no reason why you

should want to advertise a

five-card spade suit by bid-

Q.2-Neither vulnerable, as

**♦**AJ1054 ♥Q85 ♦9 **♦**KQ86

The bidding has proceeded:

North East South West

Pass . Pass 1 + Pass

What action do you take?

A .- In terms of high cards,

this hand is equivalent to the

previous one. But here you

have a second suit and a

singleton, so this hand is con-

siderably better. Unbalanced

hands tend to play better at a

suit contract, so probe for

# Burma prosecution wants murder rap for Koreans

said the act was committed within Burma's territorial jurisdiction. Zin Mo and Kang Min Chul must answer charges under Burmese

law which prescribed the death penalty for those convicted of murder, he said. Charges of attempted murder

and possession of arms should also be laid against them, he said. The two North Koreans were arrested after the bombing at

Rangoon's martyrs mausoleum on The court said it would decide

Tuesday whether murder charges should be filed against them.

# **Bokassa sent to France**

PARIS (R) - Former Central African dictator Jean Bedel Bokassa arrived in Paris Monday after being expelled from his Ivory Coast exile, the French external

mer emperor was taken by Ivory Coast President Felix Houphouet-Boigny, the ministry

Mr. Bokassa told Reuters last week that Mr. Houphouet-Biogny had prevented his return to the entral African Republic last surround his home after hearing country."

that an airliner had been chartered

Ivory Coast since he was overthrown in 1979 by French paratroops after allegations that he ordered the massacre of 200 schoolchildren in the then Central African empire.

c moves in order to en

# Filipino officer claims he saw gunman kill Aquino

MANILA(R) - A Philippines air society movement (KBL), meeforce officer told a commission of

news agency reported.

Police named the alleged assassin as Rolando Galman and said he was a notorious criminal who was dressed in the blue uniform of the airport maintenance crew.

Capt. Kavinta, 36, who headed a team guarding the front part of the plane that brought Sen. Aquino home from three years of self-exile in the United States, said he also saw one of the guards escorting Sen. Aquino party the ass-

urity guards immediately after the

ordered the inquiry after opposition leaders and others expressed doubts that Galman was the real killer.

In Manila, President Marcos' ruling party apparently succumbed Monday to pressure from the Philippines business community and watered down its proposal on the presidential succession.

Assembly members of the new Tuesday.

his term of office due to expire in

Filipino businessmen opposed the plan, saying a vice-president should be elected in May when parliamentary elections are due. Mr. Marcos then asked KBL assembly members to consider the

state for foreign affairs, who drafted the compromise, had called earlier for a vice-presidential ele-

saying it was aimed at reducing his powers and that there was a plot or

Monday that under the compromise the speaker would exercise presidential powers if there were a vacancy and parliament would be summoned within three days to call elections within 60

tabled in parliament Monday or

# Indian minister speaks against Sikh militants

NEW DELHI (R) - Indian Home Minister Prakash Chand would be taken to deal with comitants in northern Punjab state.

He issued the warning in parliament after opposition politicians demanded the arrest of Jarnail Singh Bhindranwale, a militant preacher who lives in the precincts of the Sikh golden tem-

Mr. Bhindranwale, who heads hardline Sikhs in Punjab, thr-Sethi said Monday firm steps eatened retaliation against the state's minority Hindus after a munal violence involving Sikh mil-Sikh shrine was reportedly set on fire last week in neighbouring Rajasthan state, which has a

Hindu majority. The government last week banned the sale of cassette tapes of Mr. Bhindranwale's speeches which Minister Sethi described as provocative and inflammatory.

# Shuttle to probe sun's secrets

HOUSTON (R) — Space shuttle not told to watch for problems. crewmen were planning to probe might give them down-to-earth clues to global weather.

believe even small ripples in the sun's energy output have large effects on earth's weather. The six crewmen, in orbit nearly

week, were reported to be in good spirits after fixing several instruments used in experiments in the spacelab research.lab-

Flight Director John Cox said Sunday night it was the first time during the mission, which began last Monday, that the crew were

Yuri Andropov

Andropov

reported back

in good shape

MOSCOW (R) — A senior Kre-mlin aide said Monday Soviet Pre-

sident Yuri Andropov was rec-

overing from an ailment and was

dealing with state and party aff-

Speaking at an international press conference, Leonid Zam-

yatin gave no details of Mr. And-

ropov's illness but referred to an

announcement in October that the

president was suffering from a

"Now Yuri Vladimirovich And-

ropov is recovering," he said, adding: "He is dealing extensively with state and party affairs."

Mr. Zamyatin, head of the Communist Party's international

department, did not answer que-

stions about when Mr. Andropov

The Soviet leader has been abs-

ent from the Kremlin since mid-

August and missed the annual mil-

itary parade on Red Square a

Mr. Zamyatin's remarks were

the first official comment on Mr.

Andropov's condition since he

told Western reporters at a Kre-

mlin rally on Nov. 5 that the 69-

year-old party chief was indisposed with a cold.

He did not respond directly

Monday to questions about who

Monday morning's press con-

ference, called to present Soviet arguments for leaving the Geneva

talks on reducing medium-range

missiles in Europe, was also add-

ressed by Soviet chief of staff Nik-

olai Ogarkov and First Deputy

Foreign Minister Georgy Kor-

Mr. Kornienko, asked to cla-

rify Moscow's conditions for ret-

urning to U.S.-Soviet medium-

range missile talks which the

Kremlin broke off last month in

Geneva, said NATO countries

would have to "show readiness to

go back to the situation before

deployment of U.S. missiles in

He added: "They must show a

readiness which must take the

Europe.

form of a deed."

Mr. Andropov's illness.

would reappear in public.

month ago.

Mr. Cox said, "I would chasecrets of the sun Monday, in exp- racterise this flight as an outeriments which scientists say standing success from both a scientific and (shuttle) standpoint."

Later Monday the crew, inc-The astronauts plan to measure luding West German physicist Ulf the sun's total radiance. Scientists Merbold, were to take part in a three-way conversation with President Reagan and West German Chancellor Helmut Kohl.

Space agency officials have decided that weather permitting, they will extend the mission by one day until Thursday so more scientific research can be done.

Mr. Cox noted that the latest forecasts indicated weather conditions would be satisfactory on Thursday at the landing site in Cal-

Mission officials Sunday night told the crew they would be given a projected schedule for the extra day in space and asked for their opinion on it later Monday.

Doing the repair jobs has given the crew a bit of a reputation as

The European space agency's chief scientist, Karl Knott, said that after fixing a furnace, a camera and a tape recorder and helping work around a problem with a data switching device, the crew must feel "that they are considered extremely useful."

Congratulated by a ground scientist on the day's repair activities. astronaut Robert Parker said: 'Sometimes things work out."

# Ortega offers rebels safe conduct during elections

MANAGUA (R) — Nicaraguan who had sought foreign intjunta leader Daniel Ortega has ervention to oust the Sandinists. offered to let most U.S.-backed rebels return to Nicaragua to take part in general elections in 1985. He announced to the country's

legislative council of state decrees offering safe conduct to returning rebels and setting out a programme leading up to elections in 1985. Safe conduct is offered to rebels

fighting the left-wing Sandinist government from bases in Honduras and Costa Rica and to all exiles from Nicaragua. But three groups are excluded

next Feb. 21 and which political .... Those who as national guard

late dictator Antonio Somoza, who was overthrown in 1979. .... Rebel leaders who had admitted getting foreign support or Central America.

.... Those who had planned or taken part in attacks on civilians or

important economic targets. Three days ago a senior U.S. official said five Nicaraguan rebel groups had offered to suspend military operations if the Sandinist government agreed to negotiate with them and move towards elections and democratic reforms.

Nicaraguan foreign minister Miguel D'Escoto has ruled out negotiations with the rebels.

Mr. Ortega said Sunday that the decree was not drawn up from fear from the offer, which is open until of U.S. aggression but to "test the U.S. desire for peace and to avoid sources said could benefit 12,000 further suffering by the Nicaraguan people."

U.S. ambassador Anthony Quaofficers or security police took inton, who attended the cerpart in acts of repression under the emony, told reporters later that he was impressed that both the U.S. and Nicaraguan governments were trying hard to bring peace to

# Spaniards still debate Franco-era assassination

MADRID (R) - Spaniards are levement. looking back in a searching mood to the assassination 10 years ago this month of Prime Minister Adm. Luis Carrero Blanco, who was blown up in his car on his way home from church.

His death, at the hands of Basque separatist guerrillas, was greeted with widespread relief by a people grown tired of his stem

It appeared to have struck a mortal blow at the dictatorship of Gen. Francisco Franco, who died two years later.

The killers, hailed as brave men who took up arms against a violent and unforgiving regime, were never brought to trial. They later wrote a book on the subject and

was in charge of the Soviet national defence committee during their exploits were turned into a The head of the committee is one of the three posts held by Mr. Adm. Carrero, an extreme right-winger who fulminated cea-Andropov along with general secretary of the party and head of

selessly against Marxism and Masonry, was regarded as the embodiment of Francoism and its guarantee of political continuity. His spectacular death, on Dec. 20, 1973, came to be seen as a turning point, the beginning of the transition from dictatorship to

democracy.
Today, Adm. Carrero's death looks very different and many politicians do not believe that it cha-

nged history.
Ten years later, guerrillas of the Basque separatist movement ETA are still killing with the same

ferocity. The socialist government's tough interior minister, Jose Barrionuevo, said it was time for the left to reassess the Carrero murder and ETA's role in the anti-Franco

movement. Opposition leader Manuel Fraga, a former Franco minister. doubts whether the murder substantially altered the transition to democracy after Franco's death.

"It would have been much the same," he said in an interview. He said Adm. Carrero, who was 70 at the time of his death, would have faced the same fate as Carlos Arias Navarro, who replaced him as prime minister and was swept

away in the tidal rush for democracy in July 1976.

#### Important consequences

But Mr. Fraga said the assassination did in other respects have important political consequences.

"It demonstrated above all that the political establishment was totally unprepared for the transition... Spain was suddenly left of the Franco era. in the lurch with an 81-year-old head of state and no certain pol-stain the plaque. The text reads: itical future." he said.

Santiago Carrillo, ex-leader of sought to play down ETA's ach- vile aggression."

"You must remember that Carrero had no power base. He was a naval and not an army officer and I do not think he would have managed to hold on to power once Franco had died," he said in an interview.

Mr. Carrillo, who was living in exile in Paris at the time, said for him the most remarkable result of the assassination was that the military high command in Madrid contacted him that same day, for the first time since the 1936-39 civil war.

"The chief of staff telephoned me to give his word that there would be no crackdown on the left," Mr. Carrillo said.

"This demonstrates that the murder coincided with a change of thinking inside the regime... but I do not believe that it provoked the changes," he said.

Leadig Basque politician Juan Maria Bandres disagreed. However reprehensible as an act of violence. ETA's murder of Adm. Carrero paved the way for the restoration of democracy, he said.

"It would be historically unjust to deny this. Carrero Blanco was a major obstacle to democracy," he

Mr. Bandres, who represents the left-wing Euskadiko Esquerra Party in parliament, said King Juan Carlos would not have found it as easy to remove Carrero Blanco as it was to push out Arias Navarro.

'Carrero had the military beh-

ind him." he said. "I remember shortly after democracy was restored telling a director-general of internal security that without Carrero's death neither of us would be here. He agreed with me."

Mr. Bandres, a lawyer who defended ETA militants at a famous trial in Burgos in 1974, said the guerrilla movement had since destroyed much of its credit.

Only two of the six men accused of carrying out the murder or playing a direct part in it are still belleved to be active in the movement and both live abroad. At least one of the six was killed and others have vanished.

There is little in Spain to commemorate the assassination, the first of a European prime minister since Romanian Premier Armand Calinesco was murdered in 1939.

A plaque on the wall of the church marks the spot where Adm. Carrero's car was blown up. Erected a year after he died, it is written in language characteristic

Traces of red painted graffiti "On this spot Admiral Luis Carrero Blanco, president of the the Spanish Communist Party and government. rendered his final a veteran of the underground str- service to the motherland with the uggle against Gen. Franco, also sacrifice of his life, the victim of



#### German manuscript put up for sale

LONDON (R) — A German medieval manuscript which disappeared for half a century comes up for auction Tuesday and is expected to fetch the highest price ever paid for a book. The lavishly-illuminated book of gospels of Henry the Lion, which came to light only two months ago when it was offered for sale by a mystery owner, may even become the world's most expensive work of art of any kind, Sotheby's auctioneers say. Strong bidding is expected from West German collectors and museums eager to bring home a jewel of German religious art, while American interests like the Getty Museum in Malibu may provide keen com-petition. Sotheby's predicts the 12th-century book will fetch between £2 million and £4 million (\$3 million and \$6 million).

#### Soviet Union plans to mass-produce wheelchairs

KALLDORF, West Germany (R) - A West German firm said Monday it will start building the Soviet Union's first massproduction wheelchair factory early next year. A Meyra GMBH company spokesman said Moscow had agreed to pay 80 million marks (\$32 million) for the plant. which will produce 25,000 electric and mechanical wheelchairs a year. He said this would still fail to meet total demand, which he estimated at 20 million. At present the Soviet Union imports nearly all its wheelchairs and they are in very short supply.

#### Thais break world record on vasectomy

BANGKOK (R) -- Birth control campaigner Meechai Viravaidva claimed a new world record Monday after organising a nine-hour event in which 1,190 men were vesectomised. Mr. Meechai, who gained fame by dispensing condoms at cocktail parties and public places, said he broke the record he set last year when 719 volunteers had vasectomies to mark the birthday of Thailand's King Bhumibol Adulyadej. Officials of Mr. Meechai's private population and community development association said 50 surgeons carried out the seven-minute snipand-stitch operations as part of its campaign to reduce local birth

#### S. African male nurse arrested

PRETORIA (R) - A South African defence force male nurse who defected to Mozambique in May was arrested by military police at Johannesburg's Jan Smuts Airport Sunday, the Defence Force headquarters said Monday. A headquarters statement said Lt. Gerald Andreas Eckert, 24, would be charged with desertion. The statement gave no further

#### Pakistan boots penalty for drugs

ISLAMABAD (R) - Pakistan's military government has approved a law providing a maximum penalty of life imprisonment for drug offences. An official announcement said a decision to increase the maximum term for possessing and trafficking in narcotics and financing the drugs trade was taken last January but the law was approved Sunday by the federal cabinet. Minimum punishment for drugs offences will now be two years imprisonment and up to 30 lashes with a whip, the announcement said.

#### Stone age village found in China

PEKING (R) - A stone age village up to 6,(100) years old has been unearthed on an island off northern China, the New China News Agency said Monday. Archaeologists have found the remains of more than 40 houses and two tombs, each for 30 to 40 people, along with bowls, spinning wheels, knives and fish-hooks, it added. The site, on Daheishan island off Shandong Province, was inhabited up to the bronze age but was used as a burial ground during the warring states period (475-. 221 B.C.), it said.

# لمِكَذَا مِن إِنْكُمِلُ

your best spot with a rebid of three clubs. Indeed, if partner rebids three spades, we wouldn't criticize a bold push to game.

Q.3-As South, vulnerable, you hold: **♦AQ8763** ♥72 ♦985 **♦7**2 The bidding has proceeded: North East South West 1 ♥ Pass 1 + Pass 2 ♥ Pass ?

What action do you take? A.-On this auction, your partner almost surely has a six-card heart suit. Therefore, there is no point to rebidding your spades you are unlikely to have a better fit and you could have a worse one. Since you have a weak hand and tolerance for partner's suit, you should

Q.4—As South, vulnerable,

ANSWERS TO BRIDGE QUIZ you hold: **♦AK8752** ♥983 ♦6 **♦**K106 The bidding has proceeded: North East South West 1 ♥ Pass 1. ♦ Pass

2 ♥ Pass ? What do you bid now? A.—Since partner should have a six-card suit on this auction, you have located a fit. There is no need to rebid your spade suit — you cannot play in two suits. We would jump to four hearts. With the singleton diamond upgraded to 3 points, three hearts is a

distinct underbid. Q.5—Both vulnerabie, as South you hold: **♦8 ♥Q108 ♦ AQJ852 ♠K96** The bidding has proceeded: South West North East

1 ♦ Pass 1 ♥ Pass What do you bid now? A.-We are inclined to prefer a raise to two hearts over a rebid of two diamonds. Even though you have a sixcard suit, your most likely game is in hearts. Therefore, you should make the most encouraging rebid possible, which is a raise of partner's suit. Had your hearts been

have been the correct rebid. Q.6-Both vulnerable, as South you hold: **♦8 ♥J108 ♦AQJ82 ♣AK94** The bidding has proceeded: South West North East

1 ♦ Pass 1 ♥ Pass

weaker, two diamonds would

What do you bid now? A .- In view of partner's response, your hand has improved considerably, so you should plan to bid out your shape. Start with a rebid of two clubs now, then raise hearts at your next turn. That normally shows a 5-4-3-1 pattern and a better-thanminimum opening bid, or a somewhat stronger but more balanced hand. With a minimum you would raise to two hearts at your second

### "I will be taking over a country wracked by economic crisis but we have a programme to tackle the

RANGOON (R) — The prosecution demanded Monday that murder charges be brought against two North Koreans accused of responsibility for the bomb blast in Rangoon which killed 21 people including four South Korean

cabinet ministers. Prosecuting counsel Tin Ohn

relations ministry announced. The decision to expel the for-

Mr. Bokassa had been in exile in

"Bokassa was put on board a regular airliner by the Ivory Coast authorities and arrived in France on Dec. 4." the external relations ministry statement said. "The French government has started month, sending commandos to ble Bokassa to leave for another

inquiry Monday he saw a gunman shoot opposition leader Benigno Aquino as he stepped off a plane

at Manila Airport in August. Capt. Llewelyn Kavinta told the commission investigating the killing he saw a man in a blue uniform shoot at the back of Sen. . Aguino's head, the Philippines

assin's right hand, which held the Galman was shot dead by sec-

killing.
President Ferdinand Marcos

ting before a parliamentary debate on the issue, endorsed a compromise calling for elections for a president and vice-president for full six-year terms within 60 days if Mr. Marcos does not complete

The KBL had originally proposed that the parliamentary speaker should be named successor for the president's unexpired term and that a vice-president should be elected in 1987.

Arturo Tolentino, a minister of

ction in May.
Mr. Marcos opposed the move,

conspiracy.
Mr. Tolentino told reporters

days. He said the proposal would be

## French left suffers another election loss VAUHALLAN, France (R) — France's ruling coalition of soc-

new setback Sunday night in a local election in this village south of Paris. The opposition list was elected to the town hall of the 1.800strong village by 549 votes against 266 for the communist-led list of

outgoing Mayor Lucien le Beguec

ialists and communists suffered a

and 270 for a socialist-led list. The socialists refused to make a common list with the outgoing mayor, who was charged with electoral fraud, and this meant the opposition was virtually certain of winning, commentators said.

Vauhallan is the sixth local election lost by the ruling coalition since the end of the summer. Commentators said these defeats signalled growing disenchantment with government policy.